BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, ...PROPRIETORS

EDWARD T. TUTEN, ...EDITOR
ROBERT P. TUTEN, ...PUBLISHER

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR SENATE,

JOHN IRWIN, JR.

(Subject to the decision of the district conferees.)

REPULICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Assembly—LEVI A. MILLER.
For Treasurer—COL. GEORGE A. BAYARD.
For Commissioner—SAMUEL GRAMLEY.
For Jury Commissioner—BENJAMIN LIGGET.
For Auditor—{DR J. M. BLAIR, 2 yrs. / ANDREW GREGG, 3 yrs.

POLITICAL NOTES.

—The New York *World* says of the Democrats: "They want honesty in office." Whereupon the Minneapolis *Tribune* says: "That is true. They 'want' honesty as seriously as Tweed did. It is, perhaps, their most serious lack."

—Last year the Democrats boasted that they could carry Ohio, because they had the Liberals with them. This year they boast that they carry the State because they have got rid of Liberals and the Allen county departurists. The weaker they are, the stronger they become.

—The only point of agreement with the Democratic organs, is abuse of GRANT. They agree to disagree on all other issues, but on this point they are unanimous. It is the old grudge which will never be forgiven: GRANT beat the slave-holder's rebellion, and that humiliated the dough-faces.

—The Associate Press agent at Louisville has made another blunder on the Democrat's side. He reported that the Republicans had gained only two members of the General Assembly in the late election in Kentucky. It turns out that they gained five. They have twenty-four in the House and nine in Senate.

—The Treasurer's books at Washington City show that of the fifty-two Senators and members who have refused to pocket the Back Pay Steal, *forty-one are Republicans* and *eleven are Democrats*. How does that look, honest Democrats? Is there much in this fact to induce the people to reinstate the Democratic patry in power?

—We have the assurance that there are enough Democrats in Harrisburg ready to vote for Gordon and Mackey, to give us at least a hundred more majority than Hartranft and Allen received last October. This is gratifying information, and we have no doubt the result will corroborate the statement. Mr. Mackey has been a personally popular man, made such alike by the courtesy of his official conduct and the modesty of his personal bearing.

—Jane Young of Marysville, Ky., was, three years ago, as black as the ace, not to mention the ten-spot of spades; but now, there isn't a lady in the State possessed of a clearer skin. "The change," we are told, "has not been sudden, nor has the woman experienced any sickness," It must be a result of the Allen county movement. Exactly how and why, we cannot tell; but it isn't, the Allen county movement hasn't had any result at all.

—I was in Congress when the salary was but $3,000, and I always found it more than sufficient to meet my necessary personal expenses. When it was raised to $5,000, I though it too much; and think so still, but raising it to $7,000 is nothing more or less than straight stealing. Every year that I was in Congress I laid by a portion of my salary, and constituents never complained that I didn't live decently. The people don't send their Representatives to Washington to live like princes, buck the tiger, and keep half a dozen mistresses.—*Eli B. Washburn.*

—George E. Pugh flings this handful of brickbats:

I have been so provoked, lied about, and insulted by the present managers of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, that I intend, as if it were the last act of my life, to give them a little instruction.

Thieves, and liars, and rogues have possession of our government—Federal State, municipal.

No State has suffered more than Kentucky, if we are to believe the reports of her own officers.

Will there ever be a time in the estimation of her brave citizens, that high ambition does not consist in killing or abusing colored men?

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
HON. ISAAC GORDON, of Jefferson County.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
HON. ROBERT W. MACKEY, of Allegheny Co

THE PLATFORM.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania, in convention assembled, renew their expressions of confidence in and devotion to the principles of Republicanism, and declare

First. That we heartily endorse and re-adopt the Republican National and State platforms of 1872.

Second. That the National Administration commands our continued confidence and is entitled, by its promotion of the best interests and prosperity of the Nation, to the earnest support of the people.

Third. That the administration of Gov. Hartranft calls for our warmest approbaton. During the short time he has been in the Executive Department he has established a State policy which has justly endeared him to the people of this Commonwealth, and has amply justified the confidence we placed in him.

Fourth. That while earnestly in favor of Constitutional Reform, and of such a revision of our State Constitution as will make it an effective instrument in preventing and punishing the corrupt abuses that have crept in under our present system, we demand emphatically and especially, that whatever is done or left undone, the main purpose for which the Constitutional Convention was called, the absolute prevention of special legislation, shall be placed before the people as to secure their separate and cusive expression thereon.

Fifth. That the reduction of the State debt from $41,000,000 to $26,000,000, the repeal of all State taxes on real estate, the establishment of schools for the support of soldier's orphans, the maintenance of our excellant and prosperous system of common schools, the establishment of the policy of paying off our debt at the rate of two millions a year, and the generally flourishing condition of our prosperous old Commonwealth, are evidences that the Republicans, during their twelve years control in Pennsylvania, have faithfully administered her affairs and that the reins of government may safely be left in their hands.

Sixth. That there should be rigid economy in the State and National Administrations, and the taxes should be reduced in both as rapidly as consistant with good government, the maintenance of the public credit and certain extinguishment of State and National debts.

Seventh. That the public lands belong to the people, and should be sacredly reserved for homes for actual settlers, and we pronounce against all further grants of these lands to corporations,

Eigth. That adequate provision should be made by law for the protection of persons engaged in mining and other hazardous forms of labor.

Ninth. That as retrenchment is required to lighten the burden of taxation and to continue reduction of the public debt, an increase of salaries is unwise, and we condemn without reserve voting for or receiving increased pay for services already rendered, whether in State or nation, and demand that the provisions of the late act of Congress, by which the salaries were increased, should be promptly and unconditionally repealed;

Tenth. That we heartily denounce corruption wherever found, and are sincerely desirous for honesty, economy and political purity in all official administrations. To secure this is the duty of every citizen; and to this end every good man should feel bound not only to participate in politics, but to labor actively to see that none but good men secure party appointments or nominations.

Eleventh. That the practice of loading the appropriation bill, essential to the support of the government, with objectionable legislation in the shape of amendments toward the close of the session is a prolific source of abuse and a fraud upon the people, and its reform is urgently demanded.

Twelfth. That as the country and home industry have uniformly prospered under a tariff so arranged as to afford both revenue and protection, the present tariff should be left undisturbed; and as all tariffs are levied primarily for revenue, it would be a poor government, indeed, which could not afford to arrange its details so as to encourage the growth of home manufactures, and the creation of a remunerative home market for all the products of our soil.

Thirteenth. That order and security in the States lately in rebellion must come through the stern enforcement of the laws enacted to protect life, liberty, and freedom of thought, and cannot be secured by rendering these just and necessary laws inoperative through executive clemency to unrepentant assassins, now undergoing punishment in pursuance of law.

Fourteenth. That as, during the time the Republican party has been in power, it has had to confront graver difficulties and more new and perplexing questions of government, than ever were presented to any other party to solve, and has solved them so judiciously and wisely that the country indorses its decisions and accepts its work, it is the only organization competent to meet the grave issues that are now constantly arising, so as to secure the just rights of the whole people.

Fifteenth. That we sympathize with every movement to secure for agriculture and labor their due influence, interests and rights, and the Republican party will be their ally in every just effort to attain that end.

——The people of Centre Co. although rapidly waking up to their situation do not fully realize the burden imposed upon every inhabitant of the county by the exhorbitant and unjust freight tariffs imposed by the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad. As an instance we quote the figures given by a reliable person. On the shipment to Bellefonte and from Bellefonte to market of 1500 tons of iron, the rates conceded to the Bellefonte Car Manufacturing Co. would have made a difference of $7,500. Is it to be wondered at that such a taxation as this drives our manufactories away and prevents others from coming to fill their places? Is it just that such a discrimination be made to a large and wealthy corporation? It is folly to suppose that the railroad management would make such a deduction to the Car Manufacturing Co. as to make the carrying of their freight unprofitable. Then while the Car Co. have evidently received only reasonable rates why should not every large shipper receive a like accommodation? This is only another form of oppression of the poor man by the rich. Every ton of coal, every article of food and clothing purchased in Centre Co. must be held at a price to cover this outrageous tax upon its transportation. It is the consumer in the end who has this burdensome tax to pay, and it is the consumer who is more directly interested. The merchant adds this tax on the price of the goods and the poor laboring men who toils hard for a compensation barely sufficient to supply his necessities foots the bill. Let every farmer and laborer think of this. Let him realize that on every article he buys that is transported into Centre Co. he pays a most exhorbitant and unjust tax to enrich a few men who already count their wealth by hundreds of thousands, and then let them act—calmly, deliberately, but firmly.

BROWN'S PERFIDY.

"As a remedy we submit, would it not be well to have at least one county Commissioner who shall be a Republican, and a few other Republican county officers."—*Bellefonte Republican.*

This is the same old cry. The very same old tune that the clique-the would-be leaders of the Republican party have been playing upon their "Harp of a thousand strings" for the last ten or twelve years. We know the men behind the screen. Better, say they, upon the principle that "a half loaf is better than no bread" run an independent ticket, and thus secure a part than nominate a full ticket and lose all."—This is their doctrine. How it grates upon the ear of every true Republican.

Republicans of Centre are you willing to sacrifice your time-honored principles, break down your organization, doom it to irretrievable infamy and disgrace forever in the county, for the sake of what? The poor satisfaction, perhaps of electing one or two men to office as independant candidates.—*Brown's Paper.*

We have frequently stated in these columns that Mrs. Brown's Paper was owned and controlled by a number of democratic politicians and county officials. This fact is so well known that we need not mention again the names and data. The democrats who own Brown's paper cannot afford, it seems, to furnish all the means for running that democratic-republican paper and they naturally resort to some scheme that will keep the paper alive and Brown in spending money, without cost to themselves. Their resort was natural and practicable. They took the money from the county treasury, through the county commissioners, and Brown uses it to carry on his paper. Should the doors of the commissioners office be closed against him, Brown's paper would soon go the way the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN did under his management. Brown's paper could not long survive the loss of the support it now receives from a few democrats and the county commissioners. Every intelligent voter in this town is acquainted with, and could vouch for this fact. It is a natural faculty of the mind to protect your friends. It requires years of exposure to dissipation and corruption before this inborn sentiment of gratitude can be entirely eradicated. Many, very many, instances are on record when the editor of *Brown's Republican*, has betrayed his best friends, for a price, and while every man is said to have his price, years of practise in political bargains and sales have developed the fact that Brown's figure is not exorbitant. To Brown's credit, let the fact be recorded that there is one instance when he stood by his friends. It is such an unusual event that it stands out bright and refreshing as an oasis on the immense, barren desert of his past life. Read his defense of the county commissioners at the head of this article. We believed that every *republican* in the county was in favor of electing a republican commissioner this fall and *we still believe so*, but it is plain from the above quoted article, that *W. W. Brown is in favor of the election of a democratic commissioner this fall.* This appears to be the work the democratic commissioners and leaders have laid out for Brown to do. They have paid him for something he is asking for, the election of a democratic commissioner; is he a republican? Is he not the organ of the democratic commissioners? If he is, is it possible for him to be entirely devoted to all the interests of the republican party? If the republican party will stand a unit in support of Sam'l Gramley for county commissioner, there will come to our support enough honest democrats to elect him. There are many democrats in the county who will not vote for J. G. Sankey for commissioner when they know that he has been instrumental in giving the funds of the county to the support of a pseudo republican paper.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the REPUBLICAN.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 32, 1873.

GOVERNMENT ADVERTISING.

Secretary Belknap has taken steps toward remedying an evil of long standing and extensive growth. It is well known that the advertising patronage of the government has been dispensed, from time immemorial, in a very injudicious manner; that these advertisements are seldom inserted in those papers most likely to reach persons interested. This evil arose from personal and political considerations. Such papers as had "influence" were able to obtain this patronage, although their location or their circulation were not such as would justify its being given to them. Mr. Belknap has issued an order directing all army officers who recommend advertising to be done to suggest only such papers as are apt to be of the greatest service to the department.

This is one of the best orders ever issued by the head of the War department, but if the spirit of these instructions are fully carried out I fancy it will go hard with some of our Washington journalists who derive their main pecuniary support from their source. For instance, a paper now lying before me contains several columns of government advertising, such as proposals, notices to contractors, etc. Most of these relate to supplies to be delivered in California, or Texas, or away out in the Territories: for stone to be furnished for the new custom house at Rockland, Maine; for dredging, etc., to be done in some distant harbor on the coast of New England, or of the Gulf States, or on the Pacific. For all the good this does the money might as well be paid over to the newspaper publishers without asking them to insert the advertisements at all. It is waste of paper, and if the government must support these journals to keep them alive it ought to be done by a direct appropriation for that specific purpose. The truth is that at least one of the Washington dailies would be forced to suspend if this government aid were withdrawn. But this is no new thing. I was the other day looking over some files of the "*Constitution*" published during the administration of President Buchanan, and I found its columns filled with the same sort of advertising. That Washington papers depend upon this kind of support is evident from the shortness of their lives after the administration changes hands. In such cases they either change their politics or go under in a very short time.

BUREAU OF EDUCATION.

The readers of the REPUBLICAN will I am quite sure, acquit me of all disposition to toady to men in power, of all inclination to flatter individuals because of their occupying high official positions. I am well aware that there are two extremes in this thing, that while some journalists make fools of themselves by lauding to the skies men who without position would be insignificant, others are equally disgusting in the manner in which they attack and abuse men for no other reason than that they are government officers. The conduct of either is reprehensible. While the official acts of every man in public life should receive a fair and honorable criticism no man should be assailed for the reason that he has been called to serve his government or that he has himself managed to obtain official place. On the other hand while the honest public servant deserves the respect of his countrymen no free-born American need bow the knee to him because he writes Secretary, or Commissioner, or Auditor, or Comptroller, or General, after his name.

I have been led into this train of thought after spending an hour at the Bureau of Education. One never thinks of "the insolence of office" there. The attaches are all *ladies* and *gentlemen* in the genuine sense of those terms, and have not forgotten that there are others entitled to that application.

No person in any way interested in the subject of education, whether as teacher, or trustee, or director, or parent, having a day to spend in Washington should fail to a pay visit to this bureau. The Commissioner, the chief clerk and all the assistants seem to take pleasure in showing visitors the nature and extent of the duties of the office. It is their delight to give information. And there is a good reason why it should be so. They are proud of the work they are doing. They feel an interest in it. Their hearts are enlisted in the cause of education and it would be impossible for them to be rude or surly to persons desiring information on such subjects.

The offices of the Commissioner of Education and his assistants are in a large building on G street, opposite the Patent Office. The number of employees of the bureau is not large and only a few rooms are required. These are fitted up neatly and with taste, not with elaborate furniture and costly mirrors. The room occupied by General Eaton is furnished just as well as those of the clerks of the bureau and no better.

The duties of the Educational Bureau are limited by the act of Congress creating it to "collecting and disseminating information" concerning the educational interests of the country. They are more advisory than authoritative in their nature. The commissioner has no power to compel a single school officer, or superintendent, or teacher, to make a report of any kind, yet such is the sympathy of the educators of the country with this institution that its appeals are never disregarded. The mass of information it is constantly gathering and classifying and condensing is simply surprising. It would require a large amount of space to give even a tolerable description of the amount and kind of information received in any one day. As to the information disseminated the public knows more. Circulars are issued frequently, and the regular annual report has become so widely and favorably known as to need no comment. The latest report is the best and will be better appreciated than any former ones. The latest circular, issued a couple of weeks since, contained an account of the progress of education in British India. The next circular, the proof-sheets of which are now being read, will be devoted to the subject of college commencements.

General Eaton is now in Europe on a tour of observation. It was his intention to be at Vienna on the 18th in., (last Monday,) the day of the formal awarding of prizes. The Bureau of Education was awarded a diploma, the highest award given, and the officers of the bureau are, quite naturally, very proud of acheivements at the great World's Fair. Letters from General Eaton are expected daily, and they will doubtless contain much interesting information. It should be source of national pride that our country's educational interests were so well represented that we were able to carry off four of the highest prizes, and that among all the nations of the earth free America stands foremost in progress in educational affairs.

COMPETATIVE EXAMINATIONS.

The seeking or desiring of an advantage over a competitor or an antagonist is either an acknowledgement of weakness or a sign of cowardice. In contests of a physical kind this fact has always been admitted. The pugilist who would ask to have privileges not permitted to his antagonists would at once concede that he had not confidence in his own physical stength, or if he would not make the concession but claim himself equally strong, would, in the asking of an advantage, acknowledge himself a coward. The student about to undergo a competative examination for a prize on account of scholastic attainments could not ask any special privileges without admitting that he himself did not have faith in the superiority of his own qualifications, or he would show a woeful want of pluck. The suitor before a court of justice could not ask that the scales be adjusted unevenly in his favor, for by so doing he would confess the weakness of his cause. Indeed the element of cowardice grows out of the sense of weakness. The pugilistic individual would not hesitate to engage in equal combat if he believed himself stronger than his enemy. The student would not hesitate to enter into competition for a prize if he believed his attainments superior to those of his fellows. The suitor at court would not hesitate to lay his case before an honest and impartial judge or jury if he had faith in the justice of his cause. A sense of weakness makes cowards of all men.

The people of this country have given an almost universal recognition to the truth of this fact. We are giving it further and more complete recognition in our recently adopted civil service regulations, in which competitive examinations are the leading feature. Yet this is opposed by many. Many persons who desire appointments or promotions in the civil service refuse to enter a competitive examination, and in so doing they admit that they do not consider themselves as well qualified as others. It is very natural that unqualified candidates should oppose the system, but it is very unnatural that a disinterested citizen who seeks no place for himself or for his friends should join in the opposition. To extricate himself from this dilemma the timid aspirant frequently asserts that the examinations are not conducted in a manner that will discover the real qualifications for office. This is objecting simply to the matter of details and not to the system itself. The logical and indisputable fact is that a fair an impartial competitive system is altogether free from objectionable features. If examinations are so conducted as to really discover the qualifications of applicants no other system can rival this one. Therefore the only thing to be desired is a more perfect system of conducting the examinations.

It is but seldom we see a member of one political party who would deprive any member of the opposite party of the right to cast a vote having equal weight with his own. If he does ask this he is not an honest man or a patriot. It is seldom we find a man who will openly ask special privileges for his own profession or calling. If he does he admits that his business or profession is a poor one. It is seldom we find a man who will openly ask special privileges, immunities, benefits or exemptions, for his own church, or the professors of his own peculiar religious faith. He will contend that in a fair contest his religion, being the true religion, must triumph over all false religion, for is not truth stronger than error? That man who has complete confidence in the strength of his cause, be it his political convictions or his religious faith, will never consent to take an advantage over the opposition. But "there's the rub." How many have that confidence? Let every man ask himself the question.

——The Williamsport *Daily Register* refers in the following complimentary manner to a sermon preached by Rev. M. L. Smyser, pastor of the M. E. Church of this place, at the West Branch camp meeting on last Thursday:

"The sermon this afternoon was preached by Rev. Smyser. Text, "Go out into the highway and hedges and compel them to come in," Luke 13-33. The speaker opened by eloquently extolling the merits of Christ, and the great results of his mission on earth; that the mission of the church was identical with that of Christ; that unity and power go wonderfully together; without unity there can be little spiritual power. The church can never be more pure than its membership; one unchristianly person in the church would distract from its power.

The influence of every man was perpetual. No two persons could be associated together without having an influence upon each other. The command to the church to "go work" applies to individual members. And the coming together of Christians as at camp meeting was a means by which the concentration of Christian energies would be instrumental in bringing many under the influence of the gospel who would otherwise remain in the dark. The speaker deplored the indifference of church members and hoped they might be awakened to a sence of duty. Christ worked to save the lost, he is the example for us to follow. The churches were responsible for the present state of society; the Laity were as much responsible as the clergy. You as members, as professors, have promised to serve God. You are commanded to "go work in the harvest." We cannot work for God unless our hearts are in our work, we must have a love for it. The speaker eloquently exhorted to extend sympathy to those "out of the ark of safety," and urged all to exert themselves to bring sinners to the cross, by thus doing we would get there ourselves."

STATE NEWS.

—Miss Nettie McKee, only twenty years old, fair and comely, living in Allegheny, Pa., has inherited the whole of her father's estate, which is valued at $2,000,000.

—It is unlawful in this State to use or occupy churches, the doors of which open inwardly. The object of this law is to afford protection to congregations in the event of a panic from fire and other causes.

—Huntingdon, Pa., was laid out in 1767 by its founder Wm. Smith, formerly provost of the University of Pennsylvania. It derives its name from Selina, Countess of Huntingdon, England, who, as a friend of the founder, gave liberally to the support of the university, and, in consequence of the generosity of the Countess, the name of Huntingdon was given to the town.

—That good old Republican State of Vermont might be generally imitated with advantage in financial management, by national, state and municipal governments everywhere. The whole debt of the State is only $195,649, while the treasury contains about a quarter of million of dollars. The taxes there are very low, which is enough to make many elsewhere mourn for a residence in the Green Mountain State.

—Important discoveries of oil have lately been made in Butler county, a locality where its presence has not long been known. Several wells have been opened that yield from 1000 to 1200 barrels each per day. The immediate result has been a great fall in the price of crude oil at the business centres, such as Oil City and Parker's Landing. Oil that was worth $1.50 per barrel in July is now hard to get rid of at $1.10, and the production is so large that the ta age is found inadequate.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Wednesday Morning, Aug. 27, 1873.

Poetry.

A LESSON IN HISTORY.

A. D. 1900.

It was a summer evening,
Old Mr. Smith had come
From San Francisco, by balloon,
To his suburban home—
Where by the shore of Klamath Lake,
His pleasure he was want to take,

He saw his grandchild, Colfaxine,
While playing at croquet,
Roll something large and smooth and round
To her brother, Henry Clay,
And ask the young sport If he knew
Where that queer palæozoic grew,

The old man Smith stepped up and took
The relic in his hand,
And shook it till it rattled out
A gill or two of sand.
"'Tis some squaw Modoc's skull," quoth he,
"Who fell in the great victory."

"Now tell us all what 'twas all about,"
Young Henry Clay inquired;
While on her malet Colfaxine
Leaned with a look inspired.
"Come, tell us who the warriors were,
And why they killed each other here,"

'It was the Yankees," said old Smith,
"Who made the Modocs run,
Because they coveted the lands
The red men hunted on,
It's somewhat mixed, but all agree
That 'twas a famous victory.

"Men, babes and women, fifty-three,
Followed the Indian chief;
One hundred times as many whites
Brought Mr. Lo to grief;
'And every red was killed, 'said he,
'In the great Modoc victory.

"But what good came of it at last?"
Asked gentle Colfaxine.
"Good? Why, we got their land, you bet—
The home you're living in;
And many a heathen scalp won we
In that brave Christian victory."

"Great praise our Colonel Killem gained,
And eke our flag, I ween;"
"But did they read the Bible then?"
Said pitying Colfaxine.
"Why, that I cannot say," quoth he;
"But 'twas a glorious victory."

Our Story Teller.

HENRI;

OR

THE WEB AND WOOF OF LIFE.

BY WILLIAM G. CAMBRIDGE.

CHAPTER XVIII.

ERNEST BROWN.

THE ensuing morning, when I went into the shop, I found Ernest looking pale and dejected. When I bade him good-morning, in a light and happy tone of voice, he regarded me for a moment with a glance of bitter hatred.

I fixed my eyes upon him with a searching look, desiring to read his heart. If it was capable of harboring a mean and contemptible spirit of hatred towards one who had never sought to injure him, I did not wish Irene to become his bride. He quailed beneath my glance, his eyes cast upon the floor, as if ashamed of himself. At last he spoke.

"Your thoughts, in relation to me, Mr. Eaton, are not very complimentery, just now,"

"Very true."

"You are candid, and I like you all the better for it. I fear I have given you some reason to doubt the sincerity of my friendship; so I shall not complain."

"I am glad you are sensible of it, and have the courage and manliness to confess it. I think better of you now."

"Thank you, and I will try never to give you cause to think evil of me again."

"Why did you give me such a look of scorn and contempt, when I greeted you with such a whole-hearted good-morning?"

"I cannot tell you."

"Why not?"

"O, Henri! you can never know how intensely I suffer! For many months before you came to New York, I had a blissful waking dream, which *now* can never be realized!"

"Tell me the dream, for perchance I may interpret it."

"The dream, and the radient hopes it inspired me with so long, are locked in my own heart; and there shall they sleep undisturbed forever!"

These words were spoken slowly, in a low but passionate tone; his countenance clearly indicating the wild tumult which reigned within his breast. I knew that sleep was not there. Hence I said,

"Sleep—undisturbed—"

"No, no! I would to God they would sleep,—die! but they will not!"

"It is possible," I said, "that I may have the key which will unlock that heart and bring the dream to the light of day, and the hopes it inspired you with."

"Do not taunt me," he said, fiercely, "or I may do what I shall be sorry for to the end of my life!"

I was somewhat nettled by his look, and the manner in which he uttered those words, and I answered,

"Most likely I shall say what I please; and violent threats will not deter me in the least."

"Beware how you speak, Mr. Eaton, or I shall make you repent in bitterness, though the curse of the act should follow me to my grave!"

"That would be very unwise, to say the least. You do not know me, Ernest, or you would not talk in that fashion. I fear you as I do the wind!"

"Do you defy me?"

"Just as you please."

He came fiercely towards me, but suddenly stopped and looked earnestly in my face.

"You are not a coward?" I said, half laughing. "Lay on, Macduff."

"I was about to do a foolish act,' he said, "and if you believe me to be a coward—"

"Well, what would you do?"

"I know not."

"I do not believe it, Ernest. We are both fools."

"I did not know we were so much alike, Henri. Give me your hand!"

I grasped it cordially.

"We are reconciled now," he remarked. "Let us be friends.

"Amen," I responded, earnestly.

"We *are* alike!" he said. "But I have suffered all my days, while you have lived happily. Dark clouds have never lowered over my path, while your sky has been clear and beautiful, and your way smooth and pleasant."

"You are mistaken, Ernest. I too have suffered bitterly."

"Is it possible? But your prospects are bright now, your hopes golden, while I am in the lowest hell of dispair!"

"Will you not confide your sorrow to me, as to a friend? I may have the power to alleviate them; I am sure I wish you well."

"I do not doubt it; but it is not in your power,—not in the power of man!"

He was now fast relapsing into his usual state of weary dullness. I was determined to arouse him; and after I had left him a sufficient time to commune with his own thoughts, having, in the meantime, entered some accounts on the ledger, I returned to him, and remarked, carelessly,

"You are aware, Ernest, that I am to be married soon?"

"I am."

"Will you and Miss Dinneford act as groomsman and bridesmaid?"

"No."

"Why not?"

He hesitated.

"How do I know that it would be agreeable to Agnes?"

"Mary Dinneford is here. I think it would be agreeable to her, or Agnes either."

"But it would not to me."

"Will you give me your reason?"

"No."

"Your answer is to the point, but cold and bitter. You don't talk much like a friend."

"I know it; but forgive me!"

"I will, if you consent to my wishes."

"I cannot! Request me to do anything else but that, and you shall be gratified."

"Come, come, Ernest; I begin to think that you envy me Irene.

"Curse your insolence!"

"You forget we are friends."

"And so do you."

"You and Miss Dinneford *shall* comply with my request!"

"She may; but I will not, so help me God! You have your answer now."

"You have promised to comply with any other request but that."

"And so I will, if it is reasonable."

"Always an *if* in the way! My request is simple, and not hard to be complied with. All I ask of you is to marry Irene yourself!"

He started to his feet, and seemed to wrestle with contending emotions.

"Henri!" he said, with forced calmness, "why torture me thus? If you were serious in desiring my esteem, my friendship, why seek to wound my feelings, and make me hate you?"

"I do not seek either, nor wish it. Would you not like to marry Irene?"

"No."

"I don't believe you."

"It's a matter of perfect indifference, sir!"

"Of course. But I have news for you. The engagement is broken off between Irene Dinneford and your humble servant, Henri Eaton."

When I uttered these words, he sprang towards me, exclaiming,

"Is it so? You do not mean what you say! I would to God it were true! But no, it is only renewed torture! Why do I make a fool of myself? She is nothing to me."

"It is true, nevertheless."

He now came to me, and took my hand and held it like a vice, and said,

"Can this be so? Are you sincere in what you say?

"I am; but what is it to you? Why are you so interested? You have just said you had no desire to marry her."

"Neither was I willing to have her become your wife."

"You speak the truth now. But, as she is nothing to you,—as you do not wish to make a wife of her,—why should you feel so much interested?"

He did not seem to fancy this provoking raillery, and he regarded me some time in silence. At last he said,

"Henri, I believe you know my heart as well as I know it myself."

"On one point I know it well. You love Irene Dinneford."

"I do!"

"Very frank. If she returned your love, you would gladly make her your wife."

"Yes, and wish for no brighter heaven!"

"That would be foolish; but you have learned to speak the truth at last, so I see there is some hopes of you. Now set about winning the heart of Irene; for there is no obstacle in the way."

"But how did it happen? What was the cause of it? Why are you so ready to resign her to me? Do you not love her—does she not love you—"

"That will do," said I, interrupting him. "You are famous for asking questions. If you ask any more, I shall not remember the half of them."

"You never truly loved Irene, or you could not talk as you do. O! could I but win her heart, I should be half wild with joy!"

"A very easy matter, I should suppose."

"Do you think so? What has she said? Does she ever speak of me?"

"Another long string of queries! I see you can ask questions, if you cannot talk so glibly as some; and the best way for you to get an answer to them all is to go and ask Irene if she will give you her heart and hand, and accept yours in exchange."

"You have no mercy, Henri! But I will do as you say, and if I am rejected I shall not be more miserable than I have been. But will her father consent?"

"Why not?"

"Her father is in easy circumstances, and I know that he wishes his daughters to marry men of property. Not that he is particular about their being very rich; but he would have them in the possession of a few thousands to begin life with, and I have nothing!"

"But you have a salary of seven hundred dollars a year; and, as economical as you are, you must at least save one half of it."

"I do not save one cent"

"That is strange. What can you do with it?"

"First tell me why it is that this engagement, made under such favorable circumstances, should have ended suddenly."

"I will do as you wish, Ernest, for it is right that you should know." I briefly narrated to him the facts, with which the reader is already sufficiently familiar, leaving out what was said in relation to him. He listened with deep interest, and as though he expected that, if Irene loved him, in such a conversation she would at least have mentioned his name.

When I had finished, he appeared disappointed. "You look dissatisfied," I remarked; "do not matters stand as you would have them?"

"Yes; but she said nothing in relation to me. If she had a prefference for me, she would have said something about it."

"Perhaps so, and perhaps not; but you must remember the proverb, 'A faint heart never won a fair lady!"

"I will remember it. Now, if you will listen patiently, I will give you a brief history of my unhappy life, and then you will cease to wonder at my sad dullness, and foolish diffidence.

"I am now twenty-eight years old, and my recollection extends back to the time when I had seen but three years. I was but three years old when my sister Adellah died, who was two years older than I. I remember her as being a child of a sweet disposition, who never tired of playing with me, and seeking to make me happy. She died suddenly; and I recollect well that my father had struck her a severe blow a few days before, but why I knew not. Alas, I but too soon learned the cause! I looked at her as she lay in her little coffin, and her face was like marble; the rose had fled from her cheeks, the flaxen hair was combed smoothly back, and the laughing blue eyes were closed. Her fat, dimpled hands were folded upon her breast; I thought she looked sweetly, as she lay there, so still, in that spotless white dress. Alas. I did not know it was the shroud of death! I put my hand upon her face, and it was cold as ice! I could not comprehend it. When they laid her in the grave, I was sorrowful and lonely; they told me she was in Heaven, but I wanted her here. Why should God take her there? She was not necessary to his happiness, but she was to mine.

"At this time we lived in a large, well-furnished house, and all our outward wants were abundantly supplied. My mother was a weakly woman, and, I fancied, very unhappy. We lived in a country village, and my father kept store. I soon began to notice that he was very different at times: to-day, good-natured, speaking kindly to mother, and bestowing a kiss on me; to-morrow, moody and cross. The dinner not half cooked, and the supper spoiled. I was afraid to go near him; for he sometimes struck me, or pushed me roughly on the floor. When he would leave the house, my mother would sit down and weep, as though her heart would break. How often have I put my hands around her neck, and begged her to tell me why she cried! She would kiss me and say, 'Poor Ernest! don't ask me now; you are too young yet. Alas! that you should ever know.'

"Adellah had been dead but a few months, when a little tiny thing was brought to me, one morning, as I lay in my bed, and I was told that God had sent me another sister. How thankful I was! My young heart was brimful of joy; now I should be happy again. That young dream was never fulfilled; for the horrid truth soon forced itself upon me, that my father was a drunkard! I but half realized my misfortune then; but to my deeply sensitive nature, it was enough to make the world, bright and lovely as it is, look dark. It would have darkened paradise!

"Put your hand upon my head; you see I have but little reverence. The reason why veneration is so small, is because I never loved and reverenced my father. I could not love him, for he was not always kind and gentle to his children, as a father should be; he abused my mother, and almost broke her heart, ere the calamity happened that stripped us of all we possessed. Parents complain of the want of reverence in their children; who is to blame? Let them conduct themselves in such a manner that their children cannot help loving and venerating them, and then they will reverence the aged, God, and all good. How could I have reverence for man or God, when my father was intemperate? The little child sees his heavenly Father through his earthly parent, as we look through nature up to nature's God. But I am moralizing; and it is no wonder, when I have so suffered from the effects of intemperance, and have seen so much ruin caused by the accursed vice. Hours and hours have I dwelt upon this theme, and thought how different would have been my life, if my father had not been a drunkard,—how different I should have been,—how much misery I should have escaped, and happiness enjoyed."

"It is not well," I remarked, "to let your mind dwell upon such painful subjects."

"You are right, and I have done it too long; but I will briefly tell you all, and try to think less of them hereafter. When I was five years old another child was born, a little girl, who afterwards resembled Adellah; but she was a pale, weakly thing, and she remained with us but a few years. Soon after her birth, I was told, by my weeping mother, that my father had failed; I did not know what failing meant, but I was certain that a great calamity had befallen us. We soon after removed to an unclapboarded house, containing three small and unfinished rooms; our carpets, our nice chairs, our best beds and looking-glasses, were all gone. O, how desolate and gloomy seemed the old house! I shall never forget, to my dying day, how woe-begone my mother looked, as she entered that building, with little Laura in her arms. 'O my God' she cried, 'little did I dream that I should ever come to this!' We had but few comforts now, and the world drear enough.

"My father, instead of forsaking his cups, and trying to retrieve his fallen fortunes, sank rapidly to the lowest depths of the detestable inebriate; he worked at different places, spending part of his earnings for rum, and with the rest buying the cheapest and coarsest articles of food. My mother, who was keenly sensitive and high-spirited, labored hard to keep her children looking clean and decent. Two other children were afterwards added to our family, both boys. Father became bloated and ragged, and as selfish as sin; intemperance bloated and swelled his body, but shrivelled up his soul. He wanted so much money for rum, that he was ever anxious that his children should not consume any more food than nature required. This, and other things, made us as voracious as swine; and we all became selfish and mean, each one striving to get the largest share of the poor food provided for us.

"I trembled to think what we might have been, if we had not had a good mother, who carefully looked after our welfare, and sought to instill good principles into our minds. Our home was, nevertheless, often the scene of bitter altercations, and mutual upbraidings, until I came to dread my father's approach; the dull echo of his heavy footsteps fell upon my young heart like the death-knell to happiness. How horrid is the thought that a father should so conduct himself as to make his presence hateful to his children?

"I soon learned, and to my sorrow, that the sins of the father were visited upon his children in a way that made my life a still greater burden; my playmates and school-mates looked down upon me. O, heavens! I knew they regarded me as a drunkard's child; I felt that the finger of scorn was pointed at me, and it burnt into my heart as though it had been fire! I quailed beneath it and could no longer hold up my head. The more I bent under the heavy weight that was laid upon me, the more was I scorned. You have a nature keenly sensitive, Henri, and you may judge what I suffered. I was naturally very fond of the beautiful; every flower talked to me, and every tree waved me a welcome, and looked compassionately upon me, as if bending in benediction. I gazed into the blue sky by day and by night, and loved it; for all its starry eyes beamed with holy smiles. I delighted to quench my spirit's thirst with the airy waters which floated in light and beauty in the limitless ocean above me. But I could not live on these alone; what little child can? I craved the love, and sympathy, and respect, of my fellow-being; I wanted to be on an equality with children of my own age. But of what avail was this wish in my young and bleeding heart? How could I be considered equal, when I was so poor, and my father a drunkard? I could not dress like them,—I had not books, as they had. Curse them! They have spit upon me, to show their contempt! How often have I wished for a lightning-bolt, that I might crush them, and be revenged! Had I been made of sterner stuff, and possessed a less sensitive nature, I might have escaped much of this, and returned scorn for scorn, insult for insult, and blow for blow; but, as it was, I suffered with an intensity corresponding with my sensitiveness. The poisonous tooth of scorn eat into my heart's core, and the fountain of life was made bitter as gall. O God! the time came when not a star smiled for me,—not a spire of grass sprung up to carpet my rough and uneven way,—not a flower tossed to me a fragrant kiss with its rosy fingers, and the bow in the clouds, with its seven beautiful colors, embracing the earth, as the seven attributes of the Almighty encircle the children of His love, had no attractive loveliness for me; all was dark, dismal, and black as death! The light which had shone for me, when a little child, had grown fainter and fainter, until the flickering blaze had expired.

"When my sister Laura died I shed no tears, for I never wept now; yet still I mourned her loss, but at the same time I thought how much better it was for her than to live, and suffer as I did. One of the most harrowing thoughts which continually beset me was, that people looked upon me as little better than a fool; I fancied they regarded me as a half-witted boy. So much did I dwell upon this, that there were times I thought they were right. 'Surely,' thought I, 'I am not like other children. I am imposed upon daily. Why should I be, if I am not a fool?' O, what thoughts were these! How they racked my brain, and lay like lead upon my heart!

"All this time there were deep feelings in my breast, intense as the burning rays of the meridian sun, in July's hottest days. There were passions sleeping like lava fires, and sympathies warm and truthful, which had often broken the icy wall around them, and leaped forth, like the torrent down the mountain-side; but so cold, so freezing, was their reception, that they were ever sent back, quivering and gasping, upon my heart! My mother still loved me, and labored for my good; and this was one bright spot in my dark life. What should I not have become, if it had not been for her? I am mistaken? The world was not all dark, all sorrow, all gloom. One star did shine for me!

"When I was twelve I was sent away from home to live with those who had no sympathy for me, nor I for them. I could not please them, for they did not understand my natnre. They treated me decently well, and worked me beyond my strength. It was torture to me, for I had no heart in it. My father's career was still downward, and his family continued to suffer more and more. One after another of the children died, until none were left but Mary and me; she was the one born soon after the death of Adellah. When I was sixteen, father died; I did not wish him to die, and yet I was not sorry when the cold earth shut him from my sight forever!

"The support of my mother and sister now devolved upon me. I did not shrink from the responsibility, but removed them far away from the harrowing scenes through which we had passed, and commenced, as it were, a new life. My mother's health was completely broken down, and God knows why she lived through so much trouble. Mary nursed her with a daughter's affectionate care, and the fruit of my labors brought us a decent support. I began once more to hold up my head; but a diffidence and reserve hung about me, which I could not shake off, and I never have to this day. I am sorrowful, but I never weep; I am joyful, yet there is still bitterness. Nature has once more opened her stores of beauty, and she has bid me select the richest gems, without money and without price. The heavens look down upon me in love, the flowers spring up smiling at my feet, and every little child gives me a kindly glance.

"I loved Irene Dinneford, the first time I saw her; and when I thought that she was lost to me forever, I was fearful that thick gloom would once more shroud the universe. Could I but have the assurance that she loves me with that absorbing passion with which I love her, I believe I should be a different being;—the long pent-up emotions would gush forth, the ice around my heart would melt, and I should joy to weep once more.

"You wonder why I did not declare my love. I could not. I thought of poverty, of those who were depending upon me for support, and I felt that I should be rejected. I would rather dream on. I would not darken so fair a heaven. I knew that a respectable young man had offered his hand to Agnes, and her father had persuaded her to reject him on account of his poverty. What could I expect?"

"He could not so persuade Irene," I remarked.

"I have often thought so, but I had not sufficient self-confidence. You may judge, Henri, what were my feelings, when I learned that you were engaged to her. I cursed you, in the bitterness of my heart. Then I felt how unjust I was, and what mean thoughts were festering and cankering in my breast. I watched you closely, and I soon convinced myself that you did not love Irene with that intense devotion of which a nature like yours or mine is capable. That your regard for her was what the world would call love, I had no doubt; but that it was not true conjugal affection, I was well persuaded. I speculated much as to what her feelings were for you; but I ever felt there was more of respect than love. O, how ardently I wished that I could have been the one to have saved her, when her life was in peril! Then bitter thoughts would canker in my heart again, and I would curse my unhappy fate. I sometimes wished that you might prove to be a villain, seeking her ruin, and I might be made the instrument to save her from your hands! I acknowledge the meanness, the baseness and the depravity, of these thoughts; but they would spring up in my breast, like noxious weeds in a bed of flowers,—I could not keep them down. My mother has now almost entirely regained her health, and Mary is to be married in a few weeks. When I visit my mother, she looks so well, so contente d and happy, I feel that my life has not been in vain. There is one bright spot. A retrospective glance is painful; but that one green spot is beautiful to the eyes of my ever weary spirit, even though it be enriched with tears that fall only from the heart!"

"Give me your hand, Ernest," I said, greatly affected by this narrative, by which a bleeding heart was laid bare before my eyes; "and forgive me for the words which I uttered just now, when half angry. I knew you not, or I should not have spoken as I did."

"I have as much reason to ask forgiveness as you."

"I think not; for my object was to irritate you, and then cancel my wickedness by telling you good news. I also suffered in my younger days, and keenly too, or I should not be so passionate as I am. Ernest, you will yet be happy."

"Thank you for the prophecy; but it seems almost impossible. My life has hitherto been so dark, so hopeless, it is difficult to persuade myself that the future shall be bright. But, were I convinced that Irene loved me, I should doubt no more."

"What if her parents should prove to be an obstacle in the way?"

"That would be a misfortune; but it would not destroy my felicity, for I should still have her love, and with that, I would defy the darkest storms of adversity! I should no more be alone; but my heart, long estranged, would have something to cling to. They might seperate us,—the ocean might roll between us,—but I should still be conscious that I was not alone! Our spirits would meet,—our thoughts leap over the wide ocean, as light leaps from star to star! I do not believe it possible to separate those who love;—death cannot do it!"

"You are more eloquent than I supposed it possible for you to be. You remind me of rain, after a drouth; when it once begins to fall, there is little cessation, until the earth is watered and the springs all full. I see that the ice is breaking up, and sweet spring is coming. But you have a curious theory in relation to lovers. According to your idea, they *cannot* be separated. Place oceans between you and those you love, and you would feel differently."

"Can you make the flowers look unlovely? Can you darken the eyes of the stars? Can you sever the chain that links humanity to its God? No. And you cannot separate the spirits of those whose beings are one. They bid defiance to time, space, eternity!"

Our conversation was here interrupted by the enterance of customers. Mr. Dinneford came soon after, and we did not resume it again.

CHAPTER XIX.

MR. DINNEFORD.—MUTUAL LOVE.

IN the afternoon, I asked Mr. Dinneford if he would take a walk on the Battery. He readily assented, and thither we directed our steps. It was a lovely day, and many had walked out to enjoy it, and breathe the fresh air, and let it beat full and strong against their cheeks, pale and sallow from long confinement in doors. The children, rolling their hoops and running and shouting, seemed the happiest of the happy.

As soon as I could summon sufficient courage, I broached the subject on my mind.

"I have invited you here," I said, "to speak on a subject which, under the circumstances, must be painful to us both."

"What can it be? Is the partnership business distasteful to you?"

"It is."

"Why so?"

"I don't like the mercantile business, and I have determind to leave it."

"You ought to have known that a month ago."

"I did know it; and the reason why I consented to this partnership was because—I— expected—to—to—marry—Irene."

"You expected! And do you not expect to marry her now, pray?"

"To be candid with you, Mr. Dinne-

ford. I did not."

"Are you joking, Henri, or do you say what you mean?"

"I mean what I have said."

"I am astonished! But why is this? What has happened, to change your mind, after the day was set?"

"We made the discovery that we did not love each other."

"A wonderful discovery, truly! It is all Greek to me. Are you sure that Irene does not love you?"

"I know she does not."

"A very ridiculous affair! A courtship commenced under the most romantic circumstances, the day was set for the wedding, and a partnership entered into with the father; and, after all, the parties do not love each other! Very strange,—very incomprehensible!"

"And yet, I trust, you believe it."

"I suppose I must, since you say so. But, if you have not loved each other, you are both consummate hypocrites!"

"A harsh judgement."

"Not a whit to harsh. Haven't you been billing and cooing, these two or three months,—never satisfied unless together? Why should you both manifest so much love, if you did not posess it?

"We tried to love but could not."

"Most likely I shall believe you,—two young people so well fitted for each other! There is some mystery about this sudden freak. I don't understand it at all."

"It does look strange, I acknowledge, but no more strange than true. My affections are placed upon another, and so are Irene's."

"Well, I suppose the mystery will be cleared up, some time; but it looks dark now, and will be a severe disappointment to me and my family."

"That is what we both most regretted."

"Did Irene speak of that?"

"Yes, and she feared that you would chide her angrily, and the thought made her very unhappy; for she said that an angry word she had never heard you speak."

"She is a good girl, and I will not be angry with her. In losing *her*, Henri, you lose a *treasure*, worth more than *gold!*"

"I know her worth well. You have reason to be proud of her."

"And you give her up without one regret!"

"No, no!—but I—I am attached to another."

"Who is the favored one? I think I ought to know."

"A young girl whom I delivered from a brutal master, by stratagem. She was but eleven years old then."

"Your first love, I suppose. I wish you had found it out before. Perhaps you may find one or two more you have benefited in a similar way; if so, woe to the one who has your affections now!"

"You are not candid. I can never love another as I love her."

"I hope you will be very sure of it before you again set the day to be married, or form another partnership."

"I shall."

"Did you say Irene had formed an attachment for some one?"

"I did."

"Are you at liberty to give me his name?"

"Yes—no,—but I suppose I may without doing any wrong. It is Ernest Brown."

"Ernest Brown! I am surprised more and more. Are you certain of what you say?"

"I am."

It does not look likely to me that she would prefer him to you; but there is no accounting for tastes."

"Love will go where it is sent, you know."

"So I should think. What are his feeling towards her?"

"The same as hers towards him."

"This state of things I regret. Ernest is well enough; bnt he is not such a man as I should have chosen for Irene,—he would do better for Agnes."

"You are mistaken, sir; you don't know Ernest."

"You may be right, but he is very poor."

"He has a noble mind and soul; and I hope you will not withhold your approval on account of his poverty."

"I would like to know what he does with his salary."

"Supports a sick mother, and a sister who takes care of her;—what nobler use could he make of it?"

"I will inquire into this matter; and, if what you say is true, I will not be an obstacle in the way of their happiness.—If Ernest has been the dutiful son you have represented him to be, I shall be proud to own him as my daughter's husband. Far, better that she should marry a virtuous poor man than a vicious rich one."

We here fell in with a gentleman of Mr. Dinneford's acquaintance, and they having some business matters to talk over, I went to the shop. There were no customers in, and I told Mr. Brown that he might be as expeditious as he pleased, for all things were favorable,—so he had better strike while the iron was hot.

"What do you mean?" he inquired.

"What do I mean?" Why, how dull you are, Ernest! Are you not aware that the heaven, why you would not have any brighter, if you could, can now be gained by a little effort?"

"You are real heartless to joke in that way."

"I am not joking; but I want you to take time by the forelock,—that is all."

"Please explain yourself."

"Well some folks are stupid. What I mean is simply this: you must go and see Irene, and declare your love."

"Don't call me stupid, I am rather sensitive on that point. The joke has too much truth in it. But when must I, most excellent master, do the thing which you require at my hands?"

"To-night; this very evening."

"I shall not obey."

"Why not?"

"It was but last evening that your engagement terminated. She would not wish to form another so soon. Nor would she suppose that I know anything about it, and she would think me very presumptuous. It would show a lack of delicacy, on my part, to broach the subject now."

"Well, do as you think best; but I should not wait.'

"You always go on the high-pressure principle; but I cannot."

In a few days after this, I wrote to Helen Means, informing her that my engagement with Irene had come to an end, and that I should soon return home.

One morning, about two weeks from that time we held our last conversation, when Ernest came into the shop I could but gaze upon him with surprise. I was looking for a change sometime, but not one so great as his countenance indicated.

TO BE CONTINUED.

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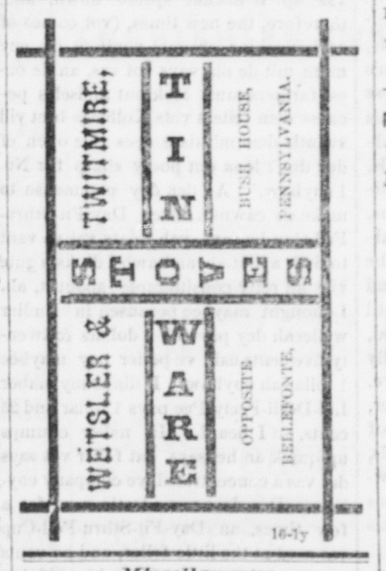
EXAMPLE.—Age 44, Policy, $10,000; Annua Premium, $364,60. Dividends amounting to $288 would hold the Policy in force 288 days (9 months and 18 days) after failing to pay the premium.—In some cases, Dividends would keep Policies in force for years.

BETTS & CAMPBELL, General Agents, 809 & 811, Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

E. M. BLANCHARD, AG'T,
5-2-1y. BELLEFONTE, PA.

Stores.



16-1y

Miscellaneous

Duff's College.

THE oldest and most reliable institution for obtaining a Mercantile Education.
☞ Practical business men as instructors.
For information, write for a circular to P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburg, Pa. 44-3m-eom.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the firm heretofore known under the name and style of Wetsler & Twitmire, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books of the firm are left with Wm. Wetsler for the present for settlement. The business will be continued by Wm. Wetsler at the old stand.
25-3t

EXECUTOR'S SALE:—On Wednesday, Oct. 15, 1873, will be sold at public sale the large farm of the late David Harpster, deceased, situated in Furguson twp., about one and a half miles from Penn'a. Furnace, and near the new railroad from Tyrone, containing three hundred and forty-six acres more or less, and adjoining lands of Jonathan Kryder on the north, J. S. Calderwood on the south and Sharp, Steward & Co., on the east and west, one hundred and seventy acres of which is cleared. A good two story house with L containing about ten rooms a good tenement house, a good frame barn and other out building, a never failing well of water, a stream running near to the barn affording good water for the cattle, a nice young orchard in good bearing order, good fences and a prolific soil are among the superior advantages of this farm. The portion not cleared is well timbered, about one hundred and forty acres of it will excellent young chestnut. It can easily bedivided into two parts if purchasers so desire.

Also at same time and place a nice tract of land containing ten acres and covered with a heavy growth of yellow pine and situate about one and a half miles from the above mentioned place and joining lands of John J. Gohoon Sharp, Steward & Co., and Peter Kichline.

Terms of sale one half cash when possession is given ballance in one year secured by bond and mortgage.

For further particulars address or apply to Alexander Harpster on the premises.

ALEXANDER HARPSTER.
SAMUEL GOSS,
Executors.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG.

By sending 35 cts. with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. W. FOX, P. O. Drawer 21 Fultonville, N. Y. 29-4t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST OUT—THE NEW LIGHT RUNNING
HOWE
Sewing Machine

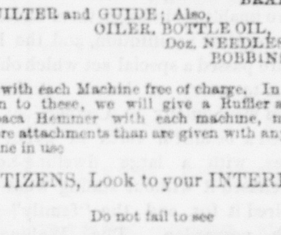
THE GRANDEST PRODUCTION OF INVENTIVE GENIUS.

The new factory of the Howe Company is nearly completed, and

1000

ARE NOW BEING MANUFACTURED AND SOLD DAILY!

The total number sold last year was 220,000, which far exceeds the sales of any other single machine.



THE ONLY MACHINE MADE ON THOROUGHLY SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES.

Combining Strength, Simplicity & Durability with Lightness of Running.

It is superior to all in the following respects:
1st. Simplicity of construction.
2nd. Ease of management.
3d. Lightness of running.
4th. Non-liability to get out of repair.
5th. Durability—it being made of the finest hardened steel.
6th. Perfection of tension on both upper and lower threads, and the ease with which they are controlled by the operator. It makes a perfect Lock Stitch on all kinds of goods and never breaks the thread.
7th. The strength and regularity of the new feed, which enables it to stitch soft or glazed, light, or heavy work equally well, and to cross heavy seams or fells without the slightest difficulty.

The new improved HEMMER,
FELLER,
BRAIDER,
QUILTER and GUIDE; Also,
OILER, BOTTLE OIL,
Doz. NEEDLES,
BOBBINS, &c.,

go with each Machine free of charge. In addition to these, we will give a Ruffler and an alpaca Hemmer with each machine, making more attachments than are given with any machine in use

CITIZENS, Look to your INTERESTS

Do not fail to see

Our MACHINE

before purchasing. Full instructions given.

We keep a full line of Sewing Machine attachments, Needles, Thread, Silk, &c. Our Machine Oil is a specialty. It is our own manufacture and we warrant it to excel anything in the market.

☞ FOR THE NEW ☜
LIGHT RUNNING HOWE,
CALL ON
PALMER & WOOSTER,

Office, Allegheny street, opposite the New Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

☞ ORDERS BY MAIL WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION. 5-22-6m.

Medicines.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

Next door to Wilson's, & Hicks' Hardware store, Allegheny St.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

R. F. Rankin & Co.

(Successors to Linn & Wilson.)

DEALERS IN

PURE DRUGS, AND MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, NOTIONS, FANCY ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET, &c.

PURE WINE AND LIQUORS
for medicinal purposes.

SHOULDER BRACES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS in great variety.

Also, Choice
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
and all other articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

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H. D. YERGER'S
BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE.

In the marble front of T. R. Reynolds, is really and truly the place to buy

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, RAISINS, NUTS AND CANDIES OF ALL KINDS.

ICE CREAM

is a specialty and will be kept at al times and at all hours by him.

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, NUTS, RAISINS, ORANGES, LEMONS, ICE CREAM, &c., &c., all sold by him at the most reasonable rates. Call and see him and rest assured that you will not be disappointed.

H. D. YERGER,
v4n15-1y Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

WANTED We will give men and women
Business that will Pay

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood; is a rare chance for those out of employment or having leisure time; girls and boys frequently do as well as men. Particulars free. Address

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☞ A complete file of the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN may always be found at the offices of GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, 40 and 41 Park Row, New York, who are authorized to represent us in that city. ☜

DAUCHY & CO.

WANTED—All men wishing to make money to send for a pamphlet containing instructions, &c., which everybody should know. J. C. TILTON, Pittsburg, Pa. 29-4t

WANTED—Wholesale Purchasing Agent for the BARTRAM SEWING MACHINE made at Danbury, Ct. The Latest and Best. The Stillest, Fastest and Easiest Lock Stitch, Straight Needle Machine in the market. Better terms than any company. Address BARTRAM & FANTON M'f'g' Co., JOHN A. DODGE, 29-4t Gen'l Agent, Danburry, Ct,

CANVASSING BOOKS SENT FREE FOR
Prof. Fowler's Great Work
On Manhood, Womanhood and their Mutual inter-relations; Love, Its Laws, Power, etc.,
Agents are selling from 20 to 30 copies of this work a day, and we send a canvassing book free to any book agent. Address, stating experience, etc., NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 29-4t

POPULAR EXPOSITOR
OF THE GOSPELS AND ACTS
By Rev. Alfred Nevlin, L. E., D. D., embraces the International Series of Lessons for three years. Every pastor, teacher and family needs it. Endorsed by Presidents McCosh, Cobleigh, King, Wallace, Bishops Simpson, Stephens, Haven, and the Clergy and Press in all parts of the country. Agents wanted. Liberal terms given. Address ZEIGLER & McCURDY, 518 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. 29-4t

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SUBSCRIPTION BOOK PUBLISHED THIS YEAR.
AGENTS WANTED FOR
IN SEARCH OF
THE CASTAWAYS,
A Romantic Narrative of the Loss of Captain Grant of the Brig Brittannia, and of the Adventures of his Children and Friends in his Discovery and Rescue. Embracing the Description of a Voyage round the world.
BY JULES VERNE,
Author of "Twenty Thousand Leagues under the sea," etc.
ILLUSTRATED WITH 170 FINE ENGRAVINGS.

Price, $3.50. Sold by Subscription only. For descriptive circulars, terms, etc., address
J. B. LIPPENCOTT & CO.,
29-4t Publishers, Philadelphia.

NEVER
Neglect a Cough. Nothing is more certain to lay the foundation for future evil consequences.
WELL'S Carbolic TABLETS
are a sure cure for diseases of the Respiratory Organs, Sore Throat, Colds, Croup, Diphtheria, Asthma, Catarrh, Hoarseness, Dryness of the Throat, Windpipe, or Bronchial Tubes, and all Diseases of the Lungs.
In all cases of sudden cold, however taken, these TABLETS should be promptly and freely used. They equalize the circulation of the blood, mitigate the severity of the attack, and will in a very short time, restore healthy action to the affected organs.
Wells' Carbolic Tablets are put up only in *blue boxes*. Take no substitutes. If they can't be found at your druggist's, send at once to the agent in New York, who will forward them by return mail.
Don't be Deceived by Imitations.
Sold by Druggists. Price 25 cents a box.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, Platt St., N. Y.,
Send for Circular. Sole Agent for the U. S.
29-4t

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN
JURUBEBA
BLOOD PURIFIER

Is the most powerful cleanser, strengthener and remover of Glandular Obstructions known to *Materia Medica*.
It is specially adapted to constitutions "worn down" and debilitated by the warm weather of Spring and Summer, when the blood is not in active circulation, consequently gathering impurities from sluggishness and imperfect action of the secretive organs, and is manifested by Tumors, Eruptions, Blotches, Boils, Pustules, Scrofula, &c., &c.
When weary and languid from overwork, and dullness, drowsiness and inertia take place of energy and vigor the system needs a *Tonic* to build it up and help the Vital Forces to regain their recuperative power.
In the heat of Summer, frequently the *Liver* and *Spleen* do not properly perform their functions; the Uterine and Urinary Organs are inactive, producing weakness of the stomach and intestines and a predisposition to bilious derangement.

DR. WELLS'
EXTRACT OF JERUBEBA
is prepared directly from the SOUTH AMERICAN PLANT, and is peculiarly suited to all these difficulties; it will cleanse the VITIATED BLOOD, strengthening the LIFE-GIVING POWERS, and REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS from IMPAIRED AND ENFEEBLED ORGANS.
It should be freely taken, as Jerubeba is pronounced by medical writers the most efficient PURIFIER, TONIC and DEOBSTRUENT known in the whole range of medicinal plants.
JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. Y.
Sole Agent for the United States.
Price One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular.
29-4t.

$412.80 IN FOUR WEEK'S CANVASSING, was one agents profit on Bryant's *Library of Poetry and Song*, $70 IN ONE WEEK on the *New Housekeeper's Manual*, by Miss Beecher and Mrs. Stowe. Any active man or woman can have an agency.
J. B. FORD & CO., New York, Boston, Chicago, and San Francisco. 32-4t

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE SUPERB NEW CHROMO.
"Blessed are the pure in Heart,"
Just ready, from an original painting by Ida Waugh. This picutre is greatly admired by all who see it, and is sure to become highly popular. Though executed in the highest style of the art, in order to reach the masses and secure large sales, the price is made much lower than that at which any Chromo of like quality has ever been sold. Terms extremely liberal. Exclusive territory. Sold only by subscription. Apply at once to secure choice of territory. Circulars, &c., free. GEO. MACLEAN, Publisher, 733 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa. 32-4t

38th Thousand in Press. Sale Increasing.—3,000 more LIVE AGENTS WANTED for our
LIVINGSTONE 28 years in **AFRICA**
Send for circulars and proof of the greatest success yet. Reports just in, 184 subs. in six days. 196 in one week. HUBBARD BROS., Pub's 723 Sansom St., Phila. 29-4t

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OCEAN'S STORY!
By the gifted son of the famous "PETER PARLEY." A graphic History of Ocean Navigation, Adventure and Discovery since the Ark. Replete with sterling incidents, fearful disasters, piracies, perils, &c., ANON, also the "Wonders Beneath the Sea," Diving, Dredging, Telegraphing, &c., 225 spirited Illustrations. Agents just started, report 101 orders in four days, 197 in five days, 75 in two days, &c., sells wonderful fast. 3,000 Agents Wanted. Send for full description and circulars.
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Commercial College,
Located at Williamsport, Penn'a.
Established 1866. The BEST COLLEGE in the Country. Has the best Penman in Penna.
For College Paper, Specimens of Penmanship, &c., address
DAVIS & OPLINGER,
32 4t Williamsport, Penn'a.

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AND
EPIDEMIC DISEASES
PREVENTED BY USING
BROMO-CHLORALUM,
THE NEW ODERLESS AND NON-POISONOUS POWERFUL DEODORIZER AND DISINFECTANT.

It destroys all bad odors and poisonous emanations about your premises, and thereby prevents contagion and disease; contains no poison, has no odor, and is always safe.

"Diploma awarded by the American Institute to Tilden & Co., for Bromo-Chloralum. They consider it of value as being non-poisonous and inodorous, and can recommend it especially for medical and general household purposes where disinfection and deodorization is called for."—Exhibition of 1872,

Prepared only by TILDEN & CO.,
Sold by all druggists. [28-4t] New York.

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE, $60 a week guaranteed. Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions & valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with six cents return stamp, M. YOUNG & CO, 133 Greenwich st, N Y

$10 made from 50 cts. Call and examine or 12 Samples sent (postage free) for 50 cts. that retail quick for $10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham Square, N. Y. 28-4t

Lumber etc.

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(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)

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PLANING MILL,

Manufactures and keep always on hand

White & Yellow Pine Flooring,
Weatherboarding, of various styles,
Sash,
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Brackets
Scroll Sawing of every description
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Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER.

Orders from
Contractors,
Builders,
Dealers,
and the trade generally solicited.
BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.
5-25-tf. Bellefonte Centre Co., Pa.

TO BUILDERS!

HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for

WHITE & YELLOW PINE,
OAK
HEMLOCK LUMBER.

Also, for
SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH AND PALINGS.
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Post Office Address, Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa. 3-4t tf

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ONLY 20 CENTS.
Every Man His Own Painter,
Or PAINTS:
How to Select and Use Them.

A plain treatise containing sample card with 42 different Actual Painted Shades and Tints, with instructions for exterior and interior house decoration, published by Henry Carey Baird, Box 1674 Post Office, Philadelphia.

SEE THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE EXTRACTS FROM PRESS NOTICES.

"A very valuable book, and no one intending to paint should fail to read it."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

"We did not know so much could be said on the subject of painting a house until we read this excellent book of Mr. Baird's."—*N. Y. Herald.*

"A Want long felt at last supplied."—*Scientific American.*

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"Buy 25 copies of this book and distribute them among your friends. If they will heed the advise therein, you could make no more valuable present."—*Chicago Tribune.*

"In publishing this Book Mr. Baird has done a real service to the community."—*Toledo Blade.*

"We hope the publisher will sell 100,000 copies of this book during '73."—*Boston Advertiser.*

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"In selling a sample copy for 20 cents, Mr Baird must feel certain an order for 25 bound in cloth will follow."—*Frank Leslie.*

"We know the Town and County paints therein recommended, and can vouch for their value and the excellance of the "Harrison" brand of white lead."—*Philadelphia Ledger*

PRICES.

Sample Copy, pamphlet form, only	20 cents.
" " paper cover, - - - -	25 "
Libary Edition, cloth bound, - - -	50 "

J. WELCH & CO. AGENTS, OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Tobacco.

NATHANIEL BECK keeps constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Cigars Snuff fine cut and plug Tobacco; also pipes and Cigar holders of every variety. Call and see. Next door to entrence of Bush House.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,.....Proprietors

EDWARD T. TUTEN, ...Editor.
ROBERT P. TUTEN,.....Publisher.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa., by

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,

at the following rates:

One year in advance,.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....$2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..$3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion

Marriage or Death announcements published of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

All Advertisements for a less term than three months, 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cts. a line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos	1 year.
1 inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
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Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
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All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, Proprietors.

Bellefonte, Pa

CENTRE COUNTY TAMMANY.

When, four weeks ago, we told our subscribers that Meek, Alexander and Magee had endorsed Mrs. Brown's note to raise money with which Meek bought material to start Mrs. Brown's *Republican*, and intimated very pointedly that the Democratic clerk of the County Commissioners had also invested in that enterprise, and also charged that a corrupt arrangement had been made between Meek, Brown & Co., and the County officials by which the money to pay the note was ultimately to come out of the County Treasury, the *Watchman* became unusually rampant, and hurled an uncommon amount of billingsgate at our devoted head. Mrs. Brown's paper also denounced it as "lic No. 1."

But, when last week, we urged the taxpayers, irrespective of party, to join in the election of a good, honest and competent Republican as County Commissioner over the Democratic candidate, J. G. Sankey, Brown set up a howl of indignation and alarm that was truly frightful. Why should the editor of a genuine Republican paper be so horrified at the thought of the election of a Republican County Commissioner in a Democratic county? Why should Brown occupy a whole column of his paper to abuse us and others for expressing a wish that the *ring rule* at the court house might be broken up.

In looking over the old files of this paper when he was its editor, we see that he was neither backward nor choice as to language in denouncing the Court House Ring. Why then, we ask, this change of base? Why this new born love on the part of a Republican editor for the candidates of the Democracy? The uninitiated may wonder, but the reason is plain. Democrats bought material to start Mrs. Brown's paper—they sustain it with ring patronoge, in consideration of which Brown, on his part, agrees to do two things, to wit: Denounce in unmeasured terms and unselected language, all Democrats whom the ring managers think are now or hereafter may be in their way, and so to influence Republican nominations and the management of the campaign as to make the continual success of the *Ring* beyond a doubt.

The corrupt application of money wrung from the honest people in the shape of taxes by any party, will soon secure its overthrow unless it can make arrangements with the corrupt and active element in the opposition party to protect its flanks and act as a reserve in case of emergency. This is generally done by a division of the plunder. The land grab ring at Washington has Democratic as well as Republican members. The Credit Mobilier had a Brooks as well as an Ames. The Congressional back pay ring included Randall as well as Butler. In the poultry yard at Harrisburg there is a Josephs as well as a Tittermany, and in the Tammany ring of Centre county there is a BROWN as well as a MEEK.

Corrupt bargains and arrangements are generally made by pool, but our County *Tweeds*, not trusting each other, ave reduced theirs to writing. A party who wishes well to the tax payers of the county, has kindly furnished us copies of several, and we propose, as exigencies may arrise, to amuse and edify our readers by publishing them. We give below a specimen, and after reading and studying those parts in italics, no one will longer wonder why there is so much harmony between the *Watchman* and Mrs. Brown's paper, or why Brown is so terribly horrified at the bare idea that the people may elect an honest Republican in place of Sankey.

It is true the Commissioners have not themselves signed this paper, but Billy Furey, their clerk, has, and this was, no doubt, done with their knowledge and by their direction. The Ring programme is that Sankey must be re-elected, and to make this result certain, Brown must go into the Republican Convention and arrange a ticket that can be traded off to Meek and Sankey, and he shall have printing and advertising to be paid for out of the County Treasury at the same rate Meek is paid for similar work.

Oh, honest Republicans! Oh, pure arangement! If the overburdened taxpayers are contented to support such combinations, and to elect men to office who serve such masters, we shall be surprised. But we are keeping our readers back from the contemplation of the beauties arising from the comparison between the *saint and the dragon*. Here it is:

Article of agreement made and concluded this —— day of January, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, by and between C. T. Alexander and Wm. Furey of the borough of Bellefonte, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, parties of the first part, and W. W. Brown of the borough, county and State aforesaid, party of the second part. Witnesseth, that for and in consideration of the premises hereinafter mentioned, the said parties of the first part do hereby agree to lease and demise unto the party of the second part for the term of one year from this date, all those certain type and printing material now being in a certain room or basement heretofore leased by the said W. W. Brown from Daniel Garman in the borough of Bellefonte, in the county of Centre, *and which type and material are fully set forth in a certain bill of R S. Menamin to P. G. MEEK, and dated Jauuary* 7, 1873, and also such other type and printing material as the parties of the first part may hereafter, during the continuance of this lease, see proper to purchase. In consideration whereof the said W. W. Brown agrees to use the said printing material carefully, and to deliver up possession of the same at the end of one year from this date in as good order and condition as the same now are—reasonable wear and tear excepted. The said W. W. Brown agrees further, to pay as rental for the use of the said printing material the sum of four hundred dollars per year, *and in order to secure the payment of the same he doth hereby assign and set over to the parties of the first part, all bills and accounts that he may at any time have during the continuance of said lease, against the Commissioners of the county of Centre, and against the Sheriff of Centre county, for whatever printing and advertising the said Commissioners and Sheriff may order to be done by him or in his paper,* and the said party of the 2d part doth hereby agree to print whatever may be ordered to be printed, and to advertise whatever may be ordered to be advertised in his said paper by the said Commissioners and said Sheriff at the current rates charged by other printers for the same kind of work, and the said party of the second part doth hereby assign to the parties of the first part all accounts and charges that he may hereafter have during the continuance of this lease, against the said Commissioners and Sheriff, as security for the rental herewith reserved for the use of said material. And *should the said accounts and bills amount to more than the aforesaid rental of four hundred dollars per year, the balance or residue thereof shall be appropriated by the parties of the first part in the purchase of other material for the use of said printing office as to them shall seem right and proper,* and should the said printing and advertising not amount to four hundred dollars per year, then the balance of the said sum shall be paid to the parties of the first part at end of the year in cash.

In witness whereof the said parties have herewith set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

C. T. ALEXANDER. [SEAL.]
WM. FURY. [SEAL.]
W. W. BROWN. [SEAL.]

Sealed, signed and delivered in presence of C. M. BOWER.

To show our readers that this agreement as published is a genuine copy of the original, and not intended merely for effect, we make this proposition, viz: That if C. T. Alexander, William Fury or C. M. Bower, the witness to the agreement, will go before Samuel Irwin, Esq., and under solemn oath swear their is not now, nor ever has been, such an agreement between C. T. Alexander, William Fury and W. W. Brown, we will forfeit and pay to either of them the sem of one hundred dollars. As C. M. Bower is a young lawyer and a witness to this agreement, we make a proposition that he embrace this opportunity to earn an honest fee, as we will give him the hundred dollars if he will swear on solemn oath he never witnessed such agreement, and knows of no such an ohe being in existance. We challenge you, gentlemen, to bring on your affidavits.

What a nice little game this is to rob the tax payers of the county. Last week we asked what they were going to do with fifty-six thonsand dollars which they propose to raise this year by direct tax upon the people. Do the tax payers either democrat or republican want to be taxed to establish news-papers. Every one who knows any thing about Brown knows that a bill against him for one hundred dollars is not worth one hundred cents. These men who enter into this agreement know it also and none better than they. Does any one suppose they will not see to it that he shall get county patronage enough to pay every cent of this rent and even more. Why did they print the Registry Act last spring when it is not required by law and neither was it printed in any other county that we know of in the state? It was for this reason and no other, to give money to this "so called" Republican paper to ensure the payment of this rent money to these pure incoruptable county officials and their democratic masters. That one act of the commissioners took from the county treasury needlessly not less than six hundred dollars. They propose to do the same thing in the year to come, and the re-election of Sankey is necessary to carry out successfully this scheme to rob the people. Tax payers are you going to submit to this outrage?

NEW-HAMPSHIRE MORMONS,

We learn that a singular sect has secured a footing in Wallingford, Connecticut, known as the "Wallingford community. "It consists of about eighty individuals, one-half of whom are women. Their religion directs them not to marry, but each one selects a partner, and the two live together as husband and wife for four weeks, when a general change of partners is made, in order that there shall be no special affection—for all are "brothers and sisters." When children are born, the mother is allowed to retain the child but a few weeks, when it is placed in the common nursery, and all the "mothers" of the establishment take turns in caring for these "children of the community." This strange people came from northern New-Hampshire about twelve years ago, where the citizens were unable to dislodge them under the laws against prostitution, and the legislature passed a special act which obliged them to marry or leave. A few of them went quietly to Connecticut, selected a beautiful farm of about 200 acres, with a large dwelling-house, purchased it without stating what they desired it for, and the "family" soon took possession. The Wallingford people prosecuted the concern as a house of ill-fame, but could not convict them under the present laws. From that time the community has not been disturbed, and has grown rich. The females dress in bloomer costumes, and are seldom seen outside of their home.

——Thought means life, as those who do not think do not live, in any high or moral sense. Thinking makes the man.

John O'Brien's monster Menagerie, Circus, Museum with its 100,000 wonders in the great Curiosity Departments, which is announced to appear in this city on Satruday, August 30th, and whose progress through the country in this direction, has been continually heralded by the congregating of vast crowds, and the publication of hearty compliments, from its mammoth proportions, exceeding those of any traveling exhibition in either hemisphere—and the number and variety of the beasts and birds its city of tents conceals, until the admission fee has been reduced, the furore it has created, seems fully justified and will find repetition here.

The Golden Chariots, two in uumber, with two separate and distinct bands of elegant music; the elephants, camels, will head the grand Procession, following will be Fifty elegant Palace Dens or Cages containing the animals of this monster sggregation.

The massive Palace Den of theunconquerable and imperious Rhinoceros will be a feature in the hugh highway holiday Parade; this fine specimen, of which, strange denizen of the river Nile, has just been added to this institution, at a seemingly ruinous expense; then comes, the beautiful ring-footed Eland, of whose solitary race but this one, has ever left their native ethiopian plains; he, in this, is succeeded by the wonderful Gnu or Horned horse, and after him groupes of almost endless lines of savage Tigers, sinnew Leopards, sturdy Bears, sneaky Wolves, ghoul-like Hyenas, and almost every variety of animated nature, over which power has been given to man. The attractive advertisement will complete the Cursory Sketch here given and conveys a fascinating idea of an entertainment unmarred by a single objectionable feature. The Circus performance is the most refined, and comprised of the finest male and female artists the world has ever seen.

The grand Street Parade in the morning constitutes a dazzling attraction that should not be missed. Three performances will be given daily, morning at 10; afternoon at 2 P. M. and in the evening at 7 P. M. during which the six tent performance will be beautifully lighted with Kidd's Patent Gas. Remember the price of admission has been reduced to only 25 cents, so as to give all an opportunity of seeing the Largest Show on Earth. The Circus performance is given entirely separate from the Menagerie, Museum and Caravan. For the same price of admission as to the Circus, one ticket will entitle the holder to all six tents and the six distinct exhibitions.

LETTER FRO MSHO.

A FARMERS GRANGE IN PENNS VALLEY —HOW THEY MADE A CORNER.

EGYPT, Vots in Haines,
Aug. 26, 1873.

MR. 2 BY 10:—De old man he coultent reat inklish very gute—he takes de *Berichter*. Von day he reats somdings apout dem granges in de vest, and he dosent no vat it vas. den he pulls de specks from his nose off right avay, an he says: Shon, here look at dis dings, vot I dinks is anodter von of dem tam humbucks for to cheat sompoddy mit—dey calls it a grainges, or somding, pecause its a mashsheen vot is to make de frate cheap. Sompoddy vill loose his moneys mit dis tomfoolery, enyhow.—Den I told him vot he vas pooty near a mistake apout it, an I tell him dat it vas pooty near chust anodter such a consarn vot dey have in Egypt, an vat he vas President mit, only mit some difference. De granges of de vest dey goes in for de whole hog, dey vants to run do Union, mit Rale Rotes and effery dings, an make laws vot vould ruin effery poddy mit demselfs.

Now dis consarn of yours only makes cawners vot dosent make much damitch to anypoddy outside of Egypt, vots in Hanes; but I guess pooty soon you vill join dem grangers too, mabee, and den had petter git yourself von of dem micrescopes to count your money mit. I tell you dat much now right avay pefore you goes into dis tremenshus ring, vitch it vill succeed, vill ruin dis country all over for more nor ten yeres or so, enyhow.

Now, Mr. 2 by 10, I would tells you effry dings apout dis little ring vots here in Egypt, but dey keeps dare doings pooty mutch mit demselfs. Its all chin music in dare lotch, anyhowt and dey haf no platform, but dey keeps dare *blanks* in dare heads, an I nose some feu dings vot I hear sometime.

Not long pefore now, some of de members of dis consarn, dey comes here to talk mit de old man, an to make a cawner, an I dinks mabee some of dare names vot comes dat time vas Day-Fit-Sthru-Fell-Cup, from Lotweirick Lane, an Lid-dell-Filly-Pea, from Lutter Thal, an Dauph-Fedd-Chups-Libe, an Shaky-Night-Ash, both from Switzer Hollow, an de old man, vot is president mit de ring. Now dese five gypshuns, mit some otters vot I dident name dis time, dey puts dare hets together and makes a cawner on de price of vages in hay and harvest time. De old man make in little speech fuss, vitch dident amount to much, it vas all apout de old times vot vas pefore de var, an apout "dat de var demoralised and nocket effry dings up, vat vas down, and effry dings vot vas up it nocket upside down, and, therefore, the new times, (vot comes of such nockins arount) voultent fit eny more mit de old vays vot vas, an de onest farmers must look out midselfs pecause dem fellers vots Kolledge bret yill swintle dem mit dare eyes vide open ef dey don't look out pooty sharp for No. 1 enyhow." An den dey commense to make de cawner. Den Day-Fit-Sthru-Fell-Cup he says, yah! dats vat ve vant to dalk apout-ah, and awh I dinks a gute vile all retty consitteraple apout it, ah. I dhought maybee pecauseh in Buffler walleeah dey payseeh 2 dollars & twenty-five cents eah, ve petter pay maybee 1 tollar-ah enyhow. I dinks my nabor Lid-Deell-Feely-Pee pays 1 tollar and 25 cents, so I heard. His nabor chumps up quick an he says, dat feller vot says dat vas a concentrated lye company enyhow. Den dare vas a leetle row for a few times, an Day-Fit-Sthru-Fell-Cup vas mad at the little feller, and he vants to go out right avay off mit himself, but he coultent find his 10 cent hat, pecause old Dauph-Fit-Chubs-Libe vas settin down on it. Den he sits down too, an he says to dat little feller, you petter goes up mit de greffic-eh Balloon for ballast-eh, mit yourself I hauls you to de rale rote eh for nossing pooty quick eh ef you go. Den de old man he talks a little more, an he fixes it up all right mit dem again, an dey goes to vork again on de cawner. Now, says he, dese are my sentyments apout dese sings—fustly, viz: Ef your nabor is an onest farmer, be onest mit him. 2 times. Ef he isint an onest farmer, I say, "fite de Tifel mit his own fire." 3 timesly. Polly-See is de best onesty. 4 timesly. Keep de vages down and up mit de price—dems my mottoes. Now I dhought mabee to make dis cawner on vages for hay and harvest, it vould vork to do dis vay:—Dem fellers vot lifs in Egypt and dosent vork mit you in hay and harvest, to dem you sells not eny hay for dare cow, nor eny wheat for dare bread. Dem vot vorks mit you, dem you gifs effry dings vot dey vant, an if dey vant corn for dare pigs, den you haul it right out of de field, vat safes much trouble an it vill measure a little more. Maybee dey vant wheat right off an you haf non drash'd, den you drash de rakings for dem, dey dont fetch so big a price in de market—dey are pooty goot enyhow—an you charge em mit de hauling—USE DEM VELL—den you keeps count mit effry dings vot you gif dem, den next vinter, January, (ven de price is up mit effry dings), you settles and charge de price vots going at de Rale Rote—dat safes troubles. 3 timesly. An de price for vages is 3 quarter tollar for harvest, and ½ tollar for otter times. Now I dink dis vorks. You all do dis vay, an effry ding runs smooth an de "goose hangs high up." Old Dauph-Fit Chubs-Libe, he laughs all over mit himself, his shoes laughs, and his pants dey laugh all over before, and his old chip hat and effery dings vots apout him laughs, and he dinks de old mans het is pooty near sthraight up an down enyhow. I goes mit him, an den dey all dhought maybe it vas petter as gute, so dey made de cawner, an it vorks pooty vell. An dem Bulls and Bears down in Yorrick petter look out mit demselfs or dey kin take a pack seat pooty soon anyhow. An den dey keeps a little young mans Kristian Sociation mit demselfs for a vile, an den effry poddy vent off mit himself to vatch and pray till next time; den I tells you all vot I nose apout dat pooty soon maybee.

SHON.

A Very Valuable Book.

"The Undeveloped West; or, Five Years in the Territories." Being a Complete History of that vast region between the Mississippi and the Pacific; its Resources, Climate, Inhabitants, Natural Curiosities, etc., with Life and Adventure on Prairies, Mountains, and the Pacifice Coast. By J. H. Beadle, Western Correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial and Author of "Life in Utah," etc.

The National Publishing Co., of Philadelphia, has just issued one of the most remarkable and attractive books of the century. It is well known to every one that, far beyond the Mississippi, and stretching over half the continent, is a vast region which we vaguely term "The Great West"—a region abounding in the most wonderful natural formations, rich in precious mineral deposits, and offering the greatest attractions to the settler and the tourist. Though so often spoken of, it is almost an "unknown land."

Mr. Beadle went into this region for the avowed purpose of seeing and describing it, and his journeyings and observations were all governed by a fixed purpose, that of discovering and making known the actual character, condition and resources of the country visited by him. He first traversed the States of Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska and Kansas, examining the lands, and living and conversing with the people of those sections. For five years he kept moving from point to point, exploring the Territories, and the great and rich States of the Pacific Coast, encountering strange people and innumerable hard ships and braving many dangers in his wanderings among the savages. He visited the rich mines of Colorado, Utah, Nevada and Idaho; passed into California and Oregon, and there enjoyed peculiar advantages for seeing and investigating the resources and curiosities of those remarkable States. He spent considerable time in New Mexico, Arizona and Texas, and his account of his observations and discoveries in those strange and deeply interesting portions of our country will commend his book to the careful consideration of the scholar, as well as to all who seak practical information or amusement. His only companions in his travels in Arizona were Indian guides, and for weeks during his explorations in that Territory he never saw the face of a white man.

To prospective emigrants and setlers in the "Fare West," this history of that vast region will prove an invaluable assistance, supplying as it does, a want long felt of a full, authentic and reliable guide to climate, soil, products, dis'an ces, localities, means of travel, etc. It may be relied upon, for it contains no second-hand information.

It is comprised in one large octavo volume of 823 pages, an illustrated with 240 fine engravings of the scenery, lands, mines, people and curiosities of the Great West, and a new map of the region described.

The low price at which the work is issued brings it within the reach of all, and the great popular interest in the subject, and established reputation of the author, combine to make it the best and most popular book of the day. It is sold by subscription only, and agents are wanted in every county.

MAGAZINES.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE for September is rich in literary novelties, and also gives a fine display of the new Fall Fashions. DEMOREST seems to outbid all his cotemporaries in the value of Premiums to his subscribers; he announces an astounding offer for 1874, of the large and celebrated chromo, 'The Old Oaken Bucket," after Jerome Thompson, and several equally large and valuable Chromos, "The Captive Child," "Home, Sweet Home," and "After the Storm," for the ensuing three years, worth $15 each. This is certainly unparalleled, and we wonder how it can be done. Send for Circular. Address W. JENNINGS DEMOREST, 838 Broadway, N. Y.

DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA is as full of novelties as an egg is full of meat. The September No. of this entertaining Juvenile Monthly will be a valuable accession to any family of children. An announcement is made that hereafter it will be furnished at $1.00 per year, with a valuable Premium. Girls and Boys will please notice this. Address W. JENNINGS DEMOREST, 838 Broadway, N. Y.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

MOUNTAIN GINGERBREAD.—Take half pound butter, quarter pound sugar, six eggs, yolks and whites beaten separately; one teaspoonful each of ground cinnamon, allspice and cloves, one tablespoonful ginger, three-quarters pint of molasses, four tablespoonfuls sweet milk, and one pound of flour, having in it one measure of Banner Baking Powder.

Each can of the Banner Baking Powder contains a small measure to be used even full, according to printed directions. If you cannot obtain this really valuable article from your grocer, send twenty-five cents by mail, addressed to Banner Baking Powder, P. O. Lock Box., 317, Pittsburgh, Pa., and you will receive, postage paid, a quarter pound package, together with a list of fifty valuable Recipes.

THOUSANDS HAVE BEEN CHANGED by the use of the Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of Iron) from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women, and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial. For Dyspepsia and Debility it is a specific.

A MODERN WONDER!

Is the "Celebrated BARLEY SHEAF" COOKING STOVE, Manufactured by MESSRS. STUART, PETERSON & CO., Philadelphia. A number of very valuable improvements have recently been added to it—among them a PATENT ANTI-DUST SHAKING-SIFTER in the hearth. Also, a PATENT SHAKING and DUMPING GRATE, ANTI-DUST, which moves under the FIRE-BRICK LINING, on MOVABLE chilled balls, permitting the grate to be agitated without any obstruction from clinkers or coal getting between the moving grate and the stationary frame. The centre prices which holds the plates, are made unsually heavy, and are PERFECT GAS BURNERS. But our space will not permit a particularization of the manifold beauties of the "Celebrated Barley Sheaf." It burns either coal or wood.

For sale by J. & J. HARRIS, BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

PUBLIC EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS for the various districts, will be held as follows:—

For Potter, at Centre Hall, on Wednesday and Thursday Sept. 10th and 11th.
Benner—Amagast's School-house, Saturday September 13th.
Marion—Jacksonville, Monday Sept. 15th.
Walker—Hublersburg, Tuesday Sept. 16th.
Miles—Rebersberg, Wednesday Sept. 17th.
Haines—Aaronsburg, Thursday Sept 18th.
Penn—Millheim, Friday Sept. 19th.
Gregg—Penn Hall, Saturday Sept 20th.
Harris—Boalsburg, Monday Sept. 22nd.
Ferguson—Pine Grove, Tuesday Sept. 24d.
Halfmoon—Stormstown, Wednesday Sept 23.
Potter—Waddles School-house, Thursday Sept. 25th.
Milesburg and Boggs—Milesburg, Monday Sept. 29th.
Howard and Curtin—Howard, Tuesday Sept. 30th.
Liberty—Eagleville, Wednesday Oct. 1st.
Taylor and Worth—Port Matilda, Thursday Oct 2nd.
Huston—Julian Furnace, Friday Oct. 3d.
Unionville and Union—Unionville, Saturday Oct. 4th.
Spring—Valentines School-house, Monday Oct. 6th.

Teachers will please attend the examination for the district in which they expect to teach, and come provided with paper, pen and ink.

All interested are Cordially invited to attend Examination to begin at 9 o'clock, A. M.

R. M. MAGEE, Co. Supt.

DR. RADCLIFF'S GREAT REMEDY SEVEN SEAL OR GOLDEN WONDER.

We are authorized to state that William Knoffsinger Esq., is the only authorized agent for this great remedy in Centre county, with full power to appoint sub agents who shall report progress to him at least once in two weeks, and all persons dealing in this medicine are hereby notified to this effect. Address William Knoffsinger, Pleasant, Gap, Centre county, Pa., 30-3t

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscription to the Capital Stock of the Centenaial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employed in the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundred birth-day of the nation. The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will recieve a handsomely steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservation as a national memorial.

Interest at the rate of six per cent per annum will be paid on all payments of Centenial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.

Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post-office order to the undersigned.

FREDK. FARLEY, Treasurer,
904 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

Centaur Liniment.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniment will not relieve, no swelling it will not subdue and no lameness which it will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. Where the parts are not gone, its effects are marvelous. It has produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings caked-breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, earache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains spavin, galls. &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. It is a counter-irritant, an all-healing pain reliever. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are endered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. It is no humbug. The recipe is published around each bottle. It is selling as no article ever before sold, and it sells because it does just what it pretends to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling, deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—this liniment is worth your attention. No family should be without Centaur Liniment. Price, 50c. a bottle, large bottles $1. 00. J. B. ROSE & Co.,
53 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GROCERIES!

YOU CAN BUY THE

BEST

AND

CHEAPEST

GROCERIES

PROVISIONS,

TEAS,

SPICES,

and all other goods in that line of

SECHLER & CO.

We keep a large stock, great variety and good goods, and deal only in what belongs to the REGULAR GROCERY BUSINESS

We are the only

STRICTLY GROCERY HOUSE

IN CENTRE COUNTY.

We take all kinds of country produce, and GUARANTEE POSITIVELY to do better with you on GROCERIES and all other goods in our line than you can do with any other store. CALL AND SEE US.

SECHLER & CO.

BUSH HOUSE BLOCK, BELLEFONTE.
5-31-tf

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvia.—Jacob Ritzman and Reuben Keller, late partners as Ritzman & Keller, Bankrupts under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all their debts and other claims provable under said Act. By order of the Court notice is hereby given, to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 23d day of September, 1873, at 10 o'clock a. m., before F. E. Smith, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at the Bush House in Bellefonte, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to said Bankrupts. And further notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third Meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupts, required by the 27th and 28th Sections of said Act will be held before the said Register at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS,
ADAM HOY, *Clerk.*
J. G. LARIMER,
Assignees. 32-3t

BELLEFONTE ACADEMY

Will reopen its next regular session on

WEDNESDAY SEPT. 8.

with a full corps Competent Teachers, and every suitable arrangements to furnish careful and thorough instructions to

YOUTH OF BOTH SEXES,

and Children in

ENGLISH BRANCHES and MATHEMATICS, BOOK KEEPING and BANKING, FRENCH GERMAN LATIN and GREEK

and whatever other study is necessary for a thorough preparation for College, or a complete Business Education. 32-4t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILL EXHIBIT AT

BELLEFONTE, AUG'T 30.

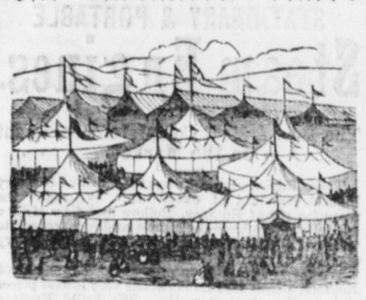
JOHN O'BRIEN'S

SIX SHOWS

CONSOLIDATED

AND EXHIBITED UNDER

SIX SEPARATE TENTS



For One Price of Admission.

25 Cents to all SIX TENTS!

John O'Brien to the Public:

First Annual Tour Under the New Regime—12 Years as Manager and Proprietor.

Being determined that the public, by whose generous patronage, during my earlier and more humble career, I have been so long encouraged and sustained, shall have the full benefit of my accumulated experience and fortune, I have concluded not only to consolidate all of my SIX GREAT SHOWS into one, but to exhibit them also THREE TIMES A DAY, in SIX SEPARATE COLOSSAL TENTS.

I am fully aware that to do this will require a considerable srcrifice and a vast amount of extra labor; but I shall rely wholly in this NEW DEPARTURE upon the absolute merit and

magnitude of my immense consolidation which is twice as large as any other concern in the country, of giving three full and complete exhibitions each day. I propose to give the public a combination of

Attractions, Novelties

AND RARE

CURIOSITIES!

in my MUSEUM, MENAGERIE, CIRCUS, GYMNASTIC EXPOSITION and COLOSSUS OF NATURAL HISTORY, having no parallel in the annals of the show business.

I intend to transport this whole vast enterprise through the country by wagons, STOPPING PRINCIPALLY IN

CITIES AND LARGE TOWNS,

For this purpose I shall use nearly

800

Men and Horses

and exhibit three times a day—MORNING, AFTERNOON and EVENING,—in SIX SEPARATE and DISTINCT TENTS, occupying FOUR ACRES of ground. The

Great Street Procession,

which will extend nearly Two Miles in length, will be made early in the forenoon of each day, and one of the finest spectacular displays of the kind ever made.

Relying for support upon the excellence of my exhibition, and the generous indorsement by the public of my efforts to give them the largest and best show ever exhibited in America, for only 25 cents admission to all.

I remain the Public's Humble Servant,

JOHN O'BRIEN

Will exhibit at BELLEFONTE, AUG'T 30.

31-2t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BLANKS! BLANKS!!

BLANKS!!!

THE most complete assortment to be found in Centre county, at

J. WELCH & CO'S

BOOK STORE,

OPPOSITE THE BUSH HOUSE,

at the following prices:

Summons,.....per hundred, 60c
Subpœnas,.....".....". 60c
Executions,.....".....". 60c
Constables' Warrants,.".".....". 60c
Judgm't Notes, unbound".....". 60c
Exemp'n ".....".....". 60c
Judgment and Exemption Notes, unbound,..... ....per hundred, 60c
Motions for Judgment,.".....". 75c
Affidavit to Account.....".....". 75c
Statement & Confess'n.".....".....1,50
Amical Act'n & Conf'n.".....".....1,50
Leases,.....50c per doz—5c apiece.

AND EVERY OTHER

DESCRIPTION OF BLANKS

EQUALLY LOW.

☞ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.☜

25-tf JAS. WELCH & CO.

FOR SALE!

The property of the

BELLEFONTE IRON COMP'Y,

in the borough of Bellefonte, consisting of their ground and building, stock and foundations for boilers, foundations for engines, &c., with railroad connections running into the mill building. The water being comparatively

FREE FROM LIME,

is better adapted to

STEAM PURPOSES

than any other in this neighborhood. This situation is the most desirable of any in this region for manufacturing purposes. 27-tf

THE BELLEFONTE PRESS CO., Bellefonte, Pa., are now prepared to do all kinds of BOOK-BINDING at reasonable rates, having secured the services of a first class workman, and purchased all the necessary machinery. MAGAZINES, MUSIC PAPERS, Etc, bound on short notice. Old Books rebound to look as well as new. Rebinding of Old Family Bibles made a specialty of. A discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed on all orders received in the next two weeks.

R. A. KINSLOE, Manager.
SPECIAL RATES TO MINISTERS.

BINDERY IN BELLEFONTE.

WATCHMAKER!

THE undersigned adopts this method of informing his friends and the people of Centre Co., that he is now located in the room adjoining the store of Harper Bros., on Spring St., where he is prepared to make and repair watches. He is solhtitous of business and guarentees complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their work. Clocks watches and jewelry repaired upon the shortest notice. F. C. RICHARD.

v4n28-1y.

The best preparation of Iron known to the Medical World.

Dr. J. S. Rose's Golden Pills.

Highly recommended by the leading Physicians, as the only proper form in which Iron should be taken.

If you are weak and debilitated, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you are nervous, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If your blood is thin, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you want pure rich blood and bloom to the cheek, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you have palpitation of the heart, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you want energy, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you want to sleep well, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you want a good appetite, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you have a pain in the back of your head, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you have pain in your back, and bearing down pain, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.

Read what Philadelphia Chemists say of Rose's Golden Pills.

ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS, the best and most valuable preparation of Iron. TWINING & SCHIEDT, Chemists, 123 N. Seventh St., Philadelphia.

LADIES, READ THIS.

I can, with the greatest confidence, recommend to those who are suffering from Female Weakness and General Debility, ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS. MRS. A. C. BURNS,
254 West Sixteenth St., New York.

I recommend DR. ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS to all who have weak backs or bearing down.
MRS. H. PRIFOLD,
813 North Fifth St., Philadelphia.

Ask your Druggist for ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS, the Great Iron Tonic. Take no other. Sent by mail, 60 cents.

DR. C. P. ROSE, 3914 Chestnut St., Phila.

5-24-1y

$250 A MONTH easily made with Stencil and Key-Check Dies. Secure Circular and Samples, free, S. M. SPENCER, Brattleboro, Vt. 36-4t

BANKS.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n1-1y.

H. BROCKERHOFF, Pres't..J. D. SHUGERT, Cash'r.

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., receive Deposits and allow Interest, Discount notes, Buy and sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. v5n2-1y.

MOSES THOMPSON, JOHN I. THOMPSON
WM. THOMPSON, JR.

JOHN I. THOMPSON & CO.,

BANKERS,

LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA.

v4n36-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS!

AND

NEW PRICES!

AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES!

AT THE

BOSTON

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

No. 5, BUSH'S ARCADE.

PRICES LESS THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOE STORE IN CENTRE COUNTY.

CALL AND SEE US!

NO. 5, BUSH'S ARCADE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

5-25-tf.

LOUIS DOLL,

BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURER,
HIGH St., NEXT DOOR TO FELTY'S NEW BUILDING,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Has removed his Store from Felty's building to a new building erected expressly for his own use adjoining his old stand, where he will be pleased to meet his friends.

Repairing neatly and promptly attended to.

5-29-1y

Merchant Tailoring.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

FELTY'S BUILDING, HIGH ST.,

Has just received a large invoice of

GENTLEMENS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

of the latest styles,

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES.

v5-12-1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.

NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,

ALLEGHENY STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Just received by

WM. M'CLELLAN,

a most complete stock of

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

AND VESTINGS;

which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style, for men or boys.

Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.

He also keeps on hand a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.

WM. M'CLELLAN,

No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.

5-13—tf

MARVEN STEEPLE,

SCENIC, SIGN, LETTERING,

HOUSE PAINTER,

PAPER HANGER, &c.

Work done PROMPTLY and at the LOWEST CHARGES IN TOWN.

☞Can be found at Mrs. Zeller's, Spring St., Bellefonte. v5-14-1y

JACOB SEIBERT,

BLACKSMITH,

REAR OF DUNCAN'S FOUNDRY, BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

EVERY description of Blacksmithing done promptly in a workmanlike manner at low prices. 5-25-1y

FOR RENT.—A desirable House, on reasonable terms. Possession given on Oct. 1st, 1873. Apply to

J. N. MITCHELL,
Fine Grove Mills,
Centre Co, Pa.

36-3t

Dry Goods.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,

NO. 2, BUSH ARCADE,

HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Has just received a large invoice of

Spring Goods!

consisting of the best assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

DRESS GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
AND FANCY ARTICLES,

ever brought to Bellefonte.

Also, a large assortment of

CARPETS

LOWEST CASH PRICES!

☞Produce taken in exchange at highest market prices.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER.

5-12-tf

THE NEW YORK

BRANCH STORE,

which was in this town about three years ago has returned and opened in

BUSH'S ARCADE

(storeroom formerly occupied by Zimmerman & Co.,)

with a large stock of

Hosiery, Cloves, White Goods,

LINENS, EMBROIDERIES,

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.;

NOW IS THE TIME

TO BUY!

Bargains for All!!

H. HERMAN & CO.

15—3m

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a

Splendid and Rich Assortment of Foreign and Domestic

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

AND

VESTINGS,

Which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard. He also keeps on hand a full line of

Gents Furnishing Goods,

of every style and variety, consisting of

HATS AND CAPS,
STRAW GOODS,
MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,

Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors, &c., on hand. This establishment is also the headquarters of the

Singer Sewing Machine Agency.

JOHN MONTGOMERY,
No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.

v4n34-1y

Groceries and Provisions.

RETAIL PRICE LIST.

JOBBING

AND COMMISSION HOUSE

OF

BURNSIDE & THOMAS,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Two good Cigars for.....5 cts
White Sugars per pound.....13 cts
Demarara Sugar per pound.....13 cts
Rio Coffee.....25 cts
Arbuckles' brown coffee per pound.....30 cts
Best Washing Soaps per pound.....6, 7 and 8 cts
Best Starch per pound.....10 cts
Best Bright Navy Tobacco per bar.....50 cts
Best Black Navy Tocacco per bar.....50 cts
Best Double Thick bright or black Tobacco per bar.....35 cts
Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco per ounce.....5 cts
Best Sugar-cured Hams per pound.....17 cts
Large size Dairy Salt per sack.....15 cts
No. 1 Black Pepper per pound.....30 cts
Molasses per gallon.....60 cts
Coal Oil in 5 gal. lots, best article, per gal..35 cts

Mackerel without heads, and all kind of Mackerel and Herring at city prices.

Double X X White Drips 80 cents per gallon, in 5 gallon lots 5 cents a gallon less.

1000 other articles too numerous to mention, cheap. Mens' stogies, heavy shoes, at $1,35 per pair. They have the largest and cheapest stock of goods ever offered to the public. If you want

TO SAVE **20** to **50** PER CENT.

GO TO BURNSIDE & THOMAS'.

All kinds of merchandise in whole packages at less prices. v5n10-tf.

Miscellaneous.

Advertisements.

A Complete Stock of Choice Selections in every Department offered at Special prices, during the Summer season, while making alterations!

JEWELRY, STERLING SILVER, Watches, Plated Goods, Cutlery, Clocks, Bronzes and Fancy Goods.

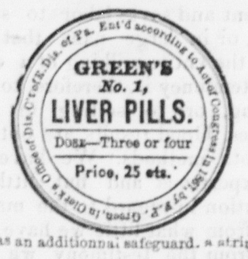
v5n9-1y

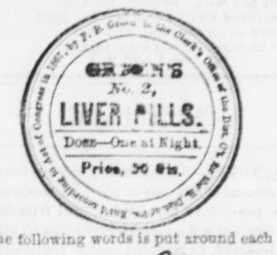
No. 1124 CHESTNUT St. ROBBINS' CLARK & BIDDLE

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

HAVING, for many years, been engaged in the manufacture of proprietary medicines known as **GREEN'S No. 1 and NO. 2 LIVER PILLS,** the merits of which have obtained for them a large sale. Other parties wishing to take advantage of the reputation these pills have gained, [illegible] of spurious imitation of the same. In order that there may be no deception, we request attention to the following:

☞**ALL GENUINE Green's Liver Pills** are put up in **ROUND** boxes, not oval, with the following **Copyrigt** label, any infringement of which will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.





And as an additional safeguard, a strip containing the following words is put around each box

☞Prepared only by F. P. GREEN, Bellefonte, Pa., without whose signature none is genuine.

☞ALL OTHERS ARE COUNTERFIET.☜

G. P. Green

Examine each box and see that it corresponds with the above description, and that the name is spelled correctly, thus: G-R-E-E-N, and not G-r-e-e-n-e.

Sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL in Bellefonte, only at my Drug Store, in Bush House Block, and by R. F. Rankin & Co., Allegheny, street Forwarded by mail to any part of the United States on receipt of price.

☞All orders must be directed to F. POTTS GREEN, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n10-tf

James Welch & Co.

(OPPOSITE THE BUSH HOUSE,)

Dealers in Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods, Gold Pens and Pencils, Pocket Books, Toys, Pocket Knives, Picture and Picture Frames.

A large assortment of Blank Books always on hand or procured to order.

17

Furniture.

REMOVED!

A. SCHROYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS of FURNITURE,

HAVE REMOVED

from their old quarters in the Bush House block to larger and more suitable rooms

ON BISHOP STREET,

in the building recently known as the Farmers Hotel, where they will continue to keep the

THE LARGEST & BEST STOCK OF

FURNITURE, COFFINS, &C.,

in Centre county, at the LOWEST PRICES.

COFFINS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE.

FUNERALS ATTENDED WITH HEARSE.

☞THE MILESBURG HEARSE CAN BE SECURED WHEN DESIRED.☜

5-11-tf

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

JOHN BRECHBILL,

Manufacturer and dealer in

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Keeps constantly on hand a choice assortment of Mattrasses, Sofas, Chairs, Lounges, Bedsteads, &c. A very fine selection of

WALL PAPER,

will always be found at low prices.

v4n22-1y.

FURNITURE WARE ROOM.

Howard Street, Bellefonte, Pa.,

WHERE BUREAUS,

SOFAS,

LOUNGES,

HAT RACKS,

WHAT-NOTS,

EXTENSION TABLES,

STANDS,

CHAIRS,

STOOLS, &C.,

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.

v5n1-1y. H. P. HARRIS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of William McCoy, late of Taylor township, Centre Co., Pa., deceased, having been granted to John W. Kelly, residing in Half Moon Township, to whom all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

JOHN W. KELLY,
Administrator.

Half Moon, July 2, 1873-25-6t

Williamsport Dickinson Seminary.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

For both sexes. Superior advantages in every Department of Culture. Send for Catalogue.—Arrange early for rooms. Fall term begins Aug 1st 28th.

W. LEB SPOTTSWOOD, D. D.,
President.

25-6t

Railroad.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	Mls.	Mail. A.M.	Mail. P.M.	Exs. P.M.
Leave Tyrone	0	9 15	6	50
East Tyrone	1	9 22	6	57
Bald Eagle	5	9 32	7	07
Hannah	10	9 46	7	21
Port Matilda	14	9 55	7	30
Martha	17	10 04	7	39
Julian	21	10 16	7	51
Unionville	26	10 30	8	05
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	10 40	8	15
Milesburg	31	10 45	8	20
Arrive Bellefonte	33	10 54	8	29
Leave Bellefonte	33	10 59	8	32
Milesburg	31	11 10	8	45
Curtin	34	11 20	8	55
Mount Eagle	37	11 26	9	01
Howard	40	11 35	9	10
Eagleville	44	11 48	9	23
Beech Creek	46	11 53	9	28
Mill Hall	51	12 06	9	41
Flemington	52	12 10	9	45
Lock Haven Intersection	54	12 15	9	50
Arrive Lock Haven	55	12 20	10	00

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 55	3	05
Lock Haven Intersection	1	9 40	3	10
Flemington	3	9 45	3	15
Mill Hall	4	9 49	3	19
Beech Creek	9	10 02	3	33
Eagleville	11	10 07	3	38
Howard	15	10 20	3	51
Mount Eagle	18	10 29	4	00
Curtin	21	10 35	4	03
Milesburg	24	10 45	4	16
Arrive Bellefonte	26		4	27
Leave Bellefonte	26		4	30
Milesburg	24	11 10	4	39
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 15	4	44
Unionville	29	11 28	4	57
Julian	34	11 40	5	09
Martha	38	11 51	5	20
Port Matilda	41	12 09	5	38
Hannah	45	12 23	5	53
Bald Eagle	50	12 28	5	58
East Tyrone	54	12 33	6	03
Arrive Tyrone	55	12 40	6	10

LEWISTOWN DIVISION,

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN	7 10 a m	12 17 p m	4 16 p m
Logan	7 25	12 30	4 26
Yeagertown F	7 33	12 34	4 30
Mann's F	7 43	12 40	4 35
Reedsville	7 51	12 44	4 39
Honey Creek F	8 09	12 57	4 49
Naginy F	8 20	1 04	4 53
MILROY, Arrive	8 30 a m	1 10 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 30 a. m., 2 00 p. and 5 10 p.m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 2 21 and 5 43 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 34 a. m., 2 44 and 6 28 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.

P. F. SMITH, Supt.

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors he asks a continuence of public favor. 5-6-1y

JNO. D. SOURBECK

LOCAL EXPRESS.

A local expressing promptly attended to reasonable rates.

Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town.

BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.

5-16 1y

AUCTIONEER.—Samuel Parker offers his services to the people of Bellefonte and Centre county, as Auctioneer. He will cry all sales entrusted to him at reasonable prices. Address SAMUEL PARKER, Bellefonte, Pa.

4n-49ly.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

"NOT AS I WILL."

Blindfolded and alone I stand
With unknown thresholds on each hand;
The darkness deepens as I grope,
Afraid to fear, afraid to hope;
Yet this one thing I learn to know
Each day more surely as I go,
That doors are opened, ways are made,
Burdens are lifted or are laid,
By some great law unseen and still,
Unfathomed purpose to fulfill,
"Not as I will."

Blindfolded and alone I wait;
Loss seemed too bitter, gain too late,
Too heavy burdens in the load
And too few helpers on the road;
And joy is weak and grief is strong,
And years and days so long, so long;
Yet this one thing I learn to know
Each day more surely as I go,
That I am glad the good and ill
By changeless law are ordered still,
"Not as I will."

"Not as I will;" the sound grows sweet
Each time my lips the words repeat,
"Not as I will;" the darkness feels
More safe than light when this thought steals
Like whispered voice to calm and bless
All unrest and all loneliness.
"Not as I will," because the One
Who loved us first and best has gone
Before us on the road, and still
For us must all His love fulfill,
"Not as I will."

Agricultural.

NOTE.—We earnestly desire that this Department of our paper shall be made as useful as possible to our Agricultural friends, and therefore extend a cordial invitation to all parties interested, to favor us with contributions. Individuals who have made useful experiments and yet do not feel competent to write them out in form for publication, if they will favor us with the results we will take pleasure in putting them in proper shape.

Agricultural Affairs.

The official bulletin of the Department of Agriculture at Washington furnishes us the following information and statistics for the month of July:

Wheat—Westmoreland, ripening very unevenly, but the berry is well filled; Clearfield, fair promise; Indiana, grain well filled; Armstrong, harvest two weeks late.

Corn—Pennsylvania, 20 per cent below average yield; number of counties reported, 47; above average, 1; below average, 41; Cambria, owing to the late cold spring the planting was delayed, and when planted, much of the seed rotted, which necessitated replanting; this, with a few weeks of dry weather, has kept the crop back very much. However, it is now making wonderful progress under the warm sun and genial showers. Westmoreland, the dry weather has greatly injured the corn. Clearfield, came up very poorly; the vitality of the seed supposed to have been injured by the extreme cold of last winter. Huntingdon, in bad condition, owing to the seed not growing. Centre probably but about half a crop. Indiana will be light.

Oats—Forty-four counties are reported as below the average yield of last year, with none above average. Westmoreland, injured by drought; Clearfield, promising; Centre, shortened by drought; Dauphin, only a half crop; Huntingdon, injured by cold weather in April and May; Lancaster, very poor; Indiana, may reach a reasonable crop.

Rye—Below the average in Pennsylvania.

Barley—An increasing crop.

Grass and Pastures—Below the average. Lancaster, the best and most solid crop of hay ever harvested; Clearfield, a fair crop of grass; Dauphin, pastures nearly burned up; Centre, good crop; Indiana, light.

Fruits—Wyoming peach trees nearly all killed last winter, and grapes frozen to the ground. Clearfield, apples light. Washington, no peaches worth mentioning. Indiana, but little fruit of any kind. The crop throughout the State is a failure.

Potatoes—Huntingdon, Colorado bug. Fayette, ditto. Elk, Beaver, Snyder, Cambria, McKean, Forest, Crawford, and Jefferson, ditto. Increasing yield for several States, but a falling-off for Pennsylvania.

Condition of crops, etc., in Pennsylvania July 1: Corn, acreage compared with last year, 96; average condition, 80. Wheat average condition of winter, 99; average condition of spring, 84. Rye, average condition of winter, 98; average condition of spring, 92. Oats average condition, 92. Barley, average condition of winter, 92; average condition of spring, 85. Clover, 87. Pasture, average condition, 89. Timothy, 85. Potatoes acreage compared with last year, 98; average condition 84. Sweet potatoes, acreage compared with last year, 83; average condition, 88. Beans, acreage compared with last year, 97; average condition, 93. Tobacco, acreage compared with last year, 97; average condition 81. Amount of wool, in hundreths compared with last year 87. Apples, average condition, 71. Peaches, 35. Grapes 62. Strawberries compared with product of last year, 85.

Butter Making.

Milk for butter making should be handled gently and put at rest as soon as possible. A reduction of temperature is desirable as soon as the milk is drawn, but this should be effected with the least possible amount of stirring. The more it is stirred the less will be the yield of cream. When set, it should be protected from even the least jar. Churning in a milk-room, or any work that jars the building, will retard the rising of the cream. Milk, to get the best yield of cream, requires absolute and undisturbed rest.

Should milk be set in deep or shallow vessels? This is still a disputed point. Many experiments have been made, and the evidence seems to be that it makes little difference in the yield whether set deep or shallow. It is more convenient and saves labor to set in pails, or in large pans that will hold the entire milking of a dairy. The tendency is, therefore, to deep setting, or to setting in large masses. Good results are obtained by both methods. We have had no experience and but little observation in regard to the matter; but from what little we have seen and from the testimony we have read and have recieved from the lips of dairymen, we are inclined to favor setting in large pans; large enough to hold a whole milking, and not over four to six inches deep. In this way the cream, having less distance to rise, will separate from the milk sooner, and we get the benefit of the action of more light on the milk and cream, which our fancy butter makers consider essential. But there is no doubt that the cream will rise through any depth, if we keep the milk sweet long enough.

It is very little lighter than milk, and rises slowly, by virtue of the law of gravitation. It will therefore rise a short distance sooner than it will a longer one; but it always has an upward tendency so long as the milk remains in a fluid state, and even separates partially in the cow's bag. This is the reason why the first milk drawn is the poorest, and the strippings the richest—almost clear cream. As the milk stands in the cow's bag, the bottom is drawn first, and the top or cream last.

Sickness of Animals.

Nearly all sick animals become so by improper eating, in the first place. Nine cases out of ten the digestion is wrong. Charcoal is the most efficient and rapid corrective. It will cure in a majority of cases if properly administered. An example of its use: The hired man came in with the intelligence that one of the finest cows was very sick, and a kind neighbor proposed the usual drugs and poisons. The owner being ill and unable to examine the cow, concluded that the trouble came from overeating, and ordered a teacupful of pulverized charcoal given in water. It was mixed, placed in a junk bottle, the head held upward, and the water with the charcoal poured downward. In five minutes improvement was visible, and in a few hours the animal was in the pasture, quietly eating grass. Another instance of equal success occurred with a young heifer which became badly bloated by eating green apples after a hard wind. The bloat was so severe that the sides were almost as hard as a barrel. The old remedy salaratus, was tried for the purpose of correcting the acidity. But the attempt to put it down always caused coughing, and it did little good. Half a teaspoonful of fresh powdered charcoal was next given. In six hours all appearance of bloat had gone and the heifer was well.

NECESSITY OF LABOR.—Yes! we should all have our work to do, work of some kind. I do not look upon him as an object of compassion who finds it in hard manual labor, so long as the frame is not over-tasked, and springs, after rest, with renewed vigor to its toil. Hard labor is a source of more pleasure in a great city in a single day than all which goes by the special name of pleasure throughout the year. We are wretched without it. The "man of pleasure" makes a business of his pleasure; has routine and method in his dissipations, dines out and visits with the same unwillingness and wretched sense of satiety.

SHEEP.—Wean lambs this month or next, in time at least to allow the ewes to get in good condition for wintering. Have a care that the ewes do not suffer from caked bag when the lambs are removed, and examine and milk them if need be for a few days.

GROOMING A HORSE.—Much care is necessary in handling the sensitive part of a horse, viz: the belly, flank, and inside of the thigh. Many horses are made troublesome by being constantly teased by a careless groom. I believe that a curry-comb should never be used on a trotting horse during the training season. If the hide is once clean, and the horse always rubbed dry when sweating there would be no excuse for using anything except a rubber and brush. If a part becomes a little stained during the night, a little blood warm water should be used and the part immediately rubbed dry.

Now, in rubbing these sensitive and all important parts, let the flat hand, covered with the rubber, be placed moderately firm upon the part, without any curling of fingers, and without constantly removing it as many do during the process of rubbing, and the horse will soon believe that he is not to be tickled, and will be quite a different horse as it regards kicking and biting, and far less excitable in many respects. A person will bear a hard rub upon the bottom of his bare foot with the flat hand, but if done with the ends of the fingers, he could hardly be kept in his skin.

No words should be used to the horse that he cannot well understand, and they should not be repeated so often as to make him heedless, but they should be spoken in a mild tone of voice. The language and other signs in grooming, driving, and all other exercises should be not only limited and to the point, but should be applied with strict regularity, that they may be well understood and that the call and response may be mutual. A neglect in the horse to answer a call is an error in his management or else there is an error in the call.

BE A WHOLE MAN.—"Be a whole man at everything," was the advice of a celebrated Englishman to his son at school. It is just tho lack of this wholesomeness which distinguishes the shabby, half-hearted and blundering from those who win victories. In slower times, success might have been won by the man who gave but a corner of his brain to the work in hand; but in these days of keen competition it demands the intensest application of the entire thinking faculty. Exclusive dealing, hateful as it is in politics, is yet, in worldly pursuits, a principle of hundred heated power. The great linguist of Bologna mastered a hundred languages by attacking them singly, as, the lion did the bulls. On the other hand, by dividing his time among too many subjects, a man of genius often becomes diamond dust, instead of diamond Many men walk as much idly in Broadway or Paul Mall as in in a few years would carry them around the globe. Many a person misses of being a great man by splitting into two middling ones.

Attorneys and Agents.

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'70-tf.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on High St. ja4'71-tf.

N. M ALLISTER.... .....JAMES A. BEAVER.
M'ALLISTER & BEAVER, Attorneys-at-Law Bellefonte, Pa. v5n1-1y.

ISAAC LYTLE, Attorney-at-Law, Officee with Wilson & Hutchison, Allegheny street, Bllefonte, Pa. v4n46-1y

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v4n12-1y

E. BLANCHALD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v5-1-1y.

J. J. LINGLE, Attorney at Law Osceola, Clearfield County, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Clearfield and Centre Counties. 5-6-1y.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5-17-1y

J. S. BARNHART, Attorney at Law. Collections and all other legal business promptly attended to, Office, 2nd floor over Bank of Wm. F. Reynolds & Co. v5n7-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co 's Bank. v4n27-1y.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public, Military Claim Agent and Conveyancer, will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to his care. Office Nearly opposite the Court House, two doors from the Law-Office of Messrs Bush & Yocum. n4v20-1y.

ADAM HOY. JAMES T. HALE
HOY & HALE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business submitted to them with promptness and dispatch. Special attention given to Orphans Court Practise and Collections. Remittances promptly made. v4n42-1y

D. G. BUSH.....GEO. M. YOCUM.
BUSH & YOCUM, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to them, with promptness. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, in Mrs. Irwin's stone building. v5n4-1y.

JOHN H. ORVIS. CYRUS T. ALEXANDER
ORVIS & ALEXANDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Conrad House, Allegheny street.

J. P. GEPHART,
WITH
ORVIS & ALEXANDER,
attends to collections and practice in the Orphans' Court. v5n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

AUGUSTUS HIBLER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence near the Quaker Meeting House. Will attend to all business in his profession at all times and at all hours. v4n23-1y.

GEORGE F. HARRIS, M. D., Physician and Surgeon; Pension Surgeon for Centre Co., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. Office on High street, North side, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n4-1y.

JAMES H. DOBBINS, Physician and Surgeon. Office up stairs in J. H. McClure's building, Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa. Will attend to all business in his profession, faithfully at all times and all hours. v5n2-1y.

DRS. T. R. & R. F. HAYES, Physicians and Surgeons, offer their professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office over *Watchman* office. Residence last house on East Linn Street v5n5-y

GEO. L. POTTER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office removed to house formerly occupied by Mrs Livingston, on Spring street, two doors South of Presbyterian church. mar16'70-tf.

J. C. McENTIRE, Dentist, notifies his friends and the public generally, that he has opened an office for the practice of his profession, in the brick building opposite the "Republican" office. All persons wishing Dental operations, teeth, or repairs will please call. All I ask is a trial. Work warranted. 4-22-1y

S. BELFORD D. D. S.—Offers his Professional serveces to the citizens of Centre Co. Office over Wilson's Drug Store, one Doore Below Irwin & Wilson's Hardware Store. All Work intrusted to me will be Executed in the Best Manner.
Vulcanite, full Setts.....$30
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J. W. RHONE, Dentist, Boalsburg, Penn'a. In his office every Monday and Saturday of each week. Agent for the new improved Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Also Agent for the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company. The Assets on 1st January, 1872, were $51,577,997 00. Its cash Receipts During the year 1871, were $15,565,644 77. The cash Dividends paid to policy holders in 1871, were $3,365,495 12.
The ratio of Expenses (including taxes) to receipts during the year 1871, were only seven and eight-tenths per cent., which is much less than any other Company. 5-2-y

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We have the Argan Burner which will fit any lamp and give an excellent light, and are as good as gas to read and sew by. Full and complete stock of CARPENTER TOOLS of the best make, all kind of
BUILDERS' HARDWARE!
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We sell at the lowest prices for cash or short credit, in no case to exceed three months. 5-1-1y

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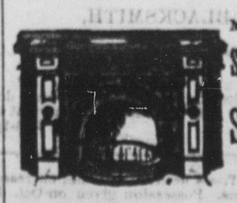

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made to order. 15-11-1y M. M. PAXON.

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JOHN G. DAVIS & SON,
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Send for Price List.
21-6m

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Nobody uses Metal Spring Trusses; too painful; they slip off too frequently.
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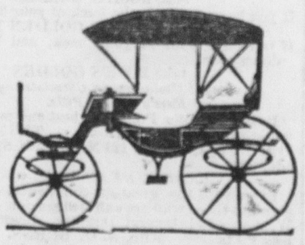

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We keep constantly in process large numbers of Engines, which we furnish at the very lowest prices and on the shortest notice. We build Engines specially adapted to Mines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Tanneries, Cotton Gins, Thrashers and all classes of manufacturing.
We are now building the celebrated Lane Circular Saw Mill, the best and most complete saw mill ever invented.
We make the manufacture of Saw Mill outfits a special feature of our business, and can furnish complete on the shortest notice.
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For Sale.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE
The undersigned offer for sale the following desirable real estate, situate in Snow Shoe and Boggs townships, Centre county, to wit: All that certain messuage or tract of land situate in Snow Shoe township, adjoining lands of Meese Gunsallis, John Lucas and others, containing 152 acres and 84 perches, a portion cleared, balance well timbered and underlaid with coal. Also the undivided one-fourth part of a tract of land situate in the aforesaid twp., lately owned by Gideon and Matthias Bechtol, containing 139 acres and 68 perches, is in good state of cultivation, and is underlaid with coal. Also all that certain lot or parcel of ground situate in Boggs twp. adjoining Central City, containing eleven acres more or less thereon erected a large frame building (formerly used as a tannery) and three tenant houses. A fine location for manufacturing purposes the Bald Eagle Valley R R passing the property and the Bald Eagle Creek forming the Southern boundary Also all that certain two story stone house and lot of ground in the Borough of Bellefonte adjoining lot of Presbyterian church fronting sixty feet on Spring st., and extending back to new st., containing eleven rooms, fine cellar and supplied with gas and water choice fruit on the premises For further information apply to or address J D Shurgert Centre Co. Bank, or N. M. Hoover, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-tf

TWO OF THE BEST FARMS
IN MIFFLIN COUNTY AT
PRIVATE SALE

The undersigned offers at private sale, a farm situated in Armagh township, Mifflin County, within one mile of Milroy, known as the Col. Reed place on the turnpike leading to Bellefonte, containing
117 ACRES
more or less, divided off into 13 acre fields and recently fenced with about 3000 panel of locust posts and chestnut rails, on which are erected a two story Brick House, with good water at door, Bank Barn with water in yard, Corn House, Carriage House, Hog pen, and other improvements—all of the best kind, together with a young Orchard of thriving trees. This is one of the finest farms in the County.
ALSO
The farm known as the John McDowell place, situate within a few hundred yards of the Milroy depot, containing
223 ACRES
more or less, all cleared excepting about 10 acres of timber, limed with 100 bushels to the acre, divided into convenient fields, mostly enclosed with locust post and chestnut rail fences, on which are erected a good two-story Stone House, Bank Barn, Corn and Carriage House, Hog Pen, Sheep Pen, Wood and wash House, and various other outbuildings. This property has running water at the door, has a good Orchard and other fruit trees, and is in every respect a desirable one. It can be easily divided into two parts if purchasers desire it.
Any person desirous of viewing the above property or ascertaining terms, &c., can call on or address George Bates, Lewistown, Pa., or the undersigned on the property.
E. P. HARVEY,
Milroy, Mifflin County, Pa., June 4, 1873, 21-5m

FARM FOR SALE,

At Eagleville, consisting of 106 acres and situated on the road leading from Bellefonte to Lock Haven, about one mile from Eagleville depot. There are four acres of nice
TIMBER LAND
and the balance is well divided in pasture and tillage, the buildings consist of a good two story House, well painted, good barn and other out buildings. The farm is well fenced and under high state of cultivation. Persons wishing to purchase can not do better than to call and see me.
Our terms are reasonable.
ADDRESS F. B. LIGGET,
Blanchard P. O,
8-24tf Centre Co., Pa.

HE SUPS WITH ME

Speechless Sorrow sat with me;
I was sighing wearily!
Lamp and fire were out; the rain
Wildly beat the window pane,
In the dark we heard a knock,
And a hand was on the lock,
One is waiting—speaks to me—
Saying sweetly,
"I am come to sup with thee"

All my room was dark and damp
"Sorrow," said I, "trim the lamp,"
Light the fire, and cheer thy face,
Set the guest-chair in its place."
And again I heard the knock;
In the dark I found the lock;
"Enter, I have turned the key—
Enter, stranger,
Who art come to sup with me!"

Open wide the door, He came,
But I could not speak his name;
In the guest chair took his place,
When my cheerful fire was beaming,
When my little lamp was gleaming,
And the feast was spread for Thee,
Lo! my Master
Was the guest that supped with me.

SUNDAY READINGS.—No. 23.

Their wine is the poison of dragons, and the cruel venom of asps.—Deut. 32-33.

Sixty thousand men and boys every year in the United States fall victims to the terrible curse of wine drinking and by wine we mean to include all forms of spirituous liquors.

Sixty full regiments, every man of which will before twelve months shall have completed their course, lie down in the grave of a drunkard! Every year during the last decade has witnessed the same sacrifice: and sixty regiments stand behind this army ready to take its place. It is to be recruited from our children and children's children. "Tramp, tramp, tramp,"—the sounds come to us in the echoes of the footsteps of the army just expired; tramp, tramp, tramp,—the earth shakes with the tread of the host now passing; tramp. tramp, comes to us from the camp of the new recruits. A great tide of life flows resistlessly to its death. What in God's name are they fighting about? The privilege of pleasure and appetite, of conforming to the social usage, of filling sixty thousand homes with shame and sorrow, of loading the public with pauperism, of crowding our prison houses with felons, of detracting from the productive industries of the country, of ruining fortunes and breaking hopes, of breeding disease and wretchedness, of destroying body and soul in hell before their time.

The prosperity of the liquor interest, covering every department of it, depends entirely on the maintenance of this army. It cannot live without it. It never did live without it. So long as the liquor interest maintains its present prosperous condition, it will cost America the sacrifice of sixty thousand men every year. The effect is inseparable from the cause. The cost to the country of the liquor traffic is so stupendous that any figures which we should dare to give would convict us of trifling. The amount of life absolutely destroyed, the amount of industry sacrificed the amount of bread transformed into poison, the shame the unavailing sorrow, the crime, the poverty, the brutality, the wild waste of vitial and financial resources, making an aggregate so vast—incalculably vast, that the only wonder is that the American people do not rise as one man and declare that this great curse shall exist no longer. There is no question before the American people to-day that begins to match in importance the temperance question. The question of American slavery was never anything but a baby by the side of this; and we prophesy that within ten years, if not within five, the whole country will be awake to it, divided upon it. The organization of the liquor interest, the vast funds at its command, the universal feeling upon those whose business is pitted against the national prosperity and the public morals—these are enough to show that, upon one side of this matter, at least, the present condition of things and the social and political questions that lie in the immediate future are apprehended. The liquor interest knows there is to be a great struggle and is preparing to meet it.

The people are beginning to see the enormity of the business—are beginning to realize that Christian civilization is actually poisoned at the fountain, and that there can be no purification of it until the source of the poison is dried up.

The larger beer interest is endeavoring in their convention, to separate itself from the whiskey interest, claiming to be holier and more respectable than that. They are all to be lumped together. They are all opposed to sobriety, and, in the end we shall find them fighting side by side for existence against the determined indignation of a long-suffering people.

There are a great many professedly temperance men that claim that wine and beer are harmless and some even go so far as to say that they promote temperance. Such men we cannot believe realize the terrible responsibility of their positions. God will hold them to strict accountability, for as sure as there is a God above and around us they are doing the work of the devil. We do not know how large this class may be, but we do know that a wine glass stops the mouth on the subject of temperance, who ever may hold it. A wine or beer drinker is a soldier disarmed.

He is not worth a straw in the fight; he is a part of the *impedimenta* of the temperance army. We have a good many such to carry who ought to be ashamed of themselves, and very soon will be. Temperance laws are being passed by the various legislatures, which they must sustain, or go over, soul and body, to the liquor interest and influence. Steps are being taken on behalf of public health, morals, and prosperity which they must consent to be left behind and out. There can be no concession and no compromise on the part of temperance men, and no quarter to the foe.

God and christianity demands that this great curse to our country and to our race must be destroyed. For "their wine is the poison of dragons, and the cruel venom of asps."

Meantime, the tramp, tramp, tramp, tramp, sounds on,—the tramp of sixty thousand yearly victims. Some are besotted and stupid, some are wild with hilarity and dance along the dusty way, some reel along in painful weakness, some wreck their mad and murderous impulses on one another, or on the helpless woman and children whose destinies are united to theirs, some stop in wayside debaucheries and infamies for a moment, some go bound in chains from which they seek in vain to wrench their bleeding wrists, and all are poisoned in body and soul and all are doomed to death. Wherever they move, crime, poverty, shame, wretchedness and despair hover in awful shadows. There is no bright side to the picture. We forget: there is just one. The men who make the army get rich.—Their children are robed in purple and fine linen, and live on dainties. Some of them are regarded as respectable members of society, and they hold their conventions to protect their interests! Still the tramp, tramp, tramp, goes on, and before this number of the REPUBLICAN shall have seen the light, five thousand more of our poisened army will have hidden their shame and disgrace in the grave.—and yet what indifference prevailes on the subject by many all around us, many who call themselves Christians too will dwell as little upon this subject as if it were one which concerned them not a particle more than the most ordinary and daily occupations. They live in the world: they are witnesses to the terrible scourge which this crime produces and mingle with the thoughtless mass which day by day goes down the stream of life to early and dishonered graves amid the sad wail of little children. We say to the beer and wine drinkers, beware, avoid, even the appearance of evil. Touch not, taste not, handle not, live peacefully and soberly; rise superior to the cravings of appetite and remember, "Their wine is the poison of dragons, and the cruel venom of asps."

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I cheerfully commend to all persons who may have business in the Patent Office the firm of EDSON BROS., as gentleman of prompt business habits, and in every respect worthy of confidence.
I concur in the above. T. C. THEAKER, late Com. Pats.

JOHN W. FRAZEE,
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AND
Solicitor of Patents,
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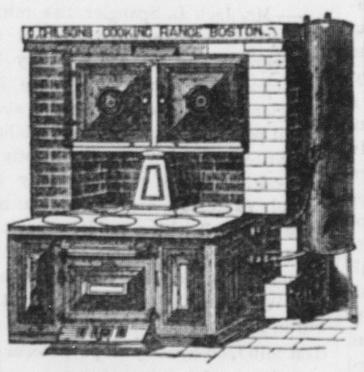
IRON OF ALL SIZES,
Including Horse-shoe and Axe iron, and Steel
Tire and Sleigh Soles Also
STEEL FURNITURE
AND
BED SPRINGS,
of all shapes and sizes, for sale by the
BELLEFONTE IRON COMP'Y.
v5n1-tf

W. P. DUNCAN,
BELLEFONTE PA.
FOUNDER & MACHINIST
MANUFACTURER OF
Steam Engines,
TURBINE WATER WHEELS,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
Mill Machinery.
v4n46-1y.



HAYES, COULTER & CO,
Successors to W. A. Arnold,
MANUFACTURERS OF
HEATERS, RANGES, LOW GRATES,
AND
MARBELIZED SLATE MANTELS
Send for Catalogue.
No. 1305 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
5-28-6m

Clothing.

New Clothing Store!
I. L. REIZENSTEIN,
in the corner building, opposite Hoffer's store, Bellefonte, has established a new Clothing store where the best bargains in the county are offered.
$7,50 to $15
FOR SUITS OF THE
FINEST CASSIMERE.
HATS, CAPS,
and a full and complete assortment of everything in the line of Clothing.
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
all directly from their own manufactory. Also,
Jewelry, Watches, Etc.
They have engaged their old clerk, Mr. A. Sternberg, so well known to the people, and who will be pleased to see his old friends. Repairing of Watches promptly attended to, by F. Galbraith. v5n6-1y.

Hotels.

RAIL ROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.
ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r.
The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v4n25-1y

NATIONAL HOTEL,
MILLHEIM, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned adopts this method of informing the travelling community, and citizens generally, that he has refitted and furnished anew throughout, with first-class furniture, this well known and established house—
THE NATIONAL HOTEL, MILLHEIM, PA.
He is well prepared to furnish first-class accommodations to all who desire to make a hotel their Home, or pleasant temporary abode. The custom of the travelling public, and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited. Courteous and attentive servents are engaged at this popular Hotel. The Stabling is the very best, and none but careful and accommodating Hostlers are employed.
JONATHAN KREMER,
jy14'73-1y. Prop'r.

BROCKEHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.
D NSON & SONS, Proprietors.
A CLASS HOTEL—COMFORTABLE ROOMS,
PROMPT ATTENDANCE.
ALL THE MODERN CONVENIENCES—
AND REASONABLE CHARGES,
The proprietors offer to the traveling public, and to their country friends, first class accommodations and careful attention to the wants of guests at all times, at fair rates. Careful hostlers and good stabling for horses. An excellent table well served. A Bar supplied with fine liquors. Servants well trained and everything requisite in a first class Hotel. Our location is in the business part of the town, near the Post Office, the Court House, the Churches, the Banks, and the principal places of business, renders it the most eligible place for those who visit Bellefonte. on business or for pleasure.
AN OMNIBUS WILL CARRY PASSENGERS
and baggage to and from all trains free of charge
4-35-y.

BUSH HOUSE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
SUMMER RESORT.
First-Class Accommodations
FOR
300 GUESTS
For circular and further particulars, address
W. H. WILKINSON & CO.,
v5n1-1y PROPRIETORS.

Provisions.

The Best Beef in the Market
CAN BE FOUND AT
Edwin Tyson's
Meat Market. We kill
THE VERY BEST OF BEEVES
that can be found, and keep a large assortment of other kinds of meats of the very best quality and at very
REASONABLE PRICES.
Call and see us, on HIGH STREET, near the new building of the First National Bank. Farmers will do well to call and see us before selling at any other place, as
We Pay the Best Prices
AND
CASH IN ADVANCE.
5-6 6m

Livery Stables.

LIVERY STABLE!
WM. McCULLEY, begs leave to inform the citizens of Bellefonte and the public generally, that he has opened and is now keeping one of the largest and most extensive
Livery Stables in Bellefonte.
His horses are good and safe—his
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ARE ALL GOOD,
and comfortable. His rates of hire are reasonable. He solicits the patronage of the public, and promises satisfaction.
WM. McULLEY.
v4n33-1y

BLATCHLEY'S
IMPROVED CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP.
Tasteless, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump or disturbing the joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price List
CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, M'f'r, 806 Commerce, Philada., Pa. v6n36-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL
PURELY DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

● R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists & Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.
5-32-3 m:

LOGAN FOUNDRY
NEAR THE RAIL ROAD DEPOT
BELLEFONTE, PA.
It is with pleasure I inform the people Centre and the adjoining counties, that I am now prepared to make
HOUSE CASTINGS,
such as Sash Weights, Cellar Window Grates &c., of all sizes.
Grist & Sawmill Castings, Sled
Soles of all kinds, Plows, Plow Shares. I also manufacture the
IMPROVED WORTZ PLOW.
Also, Egg Stoves, Stove Castings, Oven Doors and Grates, Coal Grates for Pavements, Water Pipes, Wagon Boxes, together with every
VARIETY OF CASTINGS,
kept constantly on hand, or made to order. All orders filled promptly. Give me a call. Don't forget the place, near the Railroad Depot, Bellefonte.
v5n1-1y. GEO. A. MAYARD

$72 00 EACH WEEK.
Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo. 5-20-1y.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 279, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each full moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 33, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

THE Senatorial Conferees of this District will meet at Tyrone on Tuesday September 2d at one o'clock.

——An enterprising man at Philipsburg is sinking an artesian well.

——The puplic schools will open in this place the eighth day of September.

——P. Gray Meek is atoning for his many sins at the West Branch Camp-Meeting.

——District Attorney Potter has his hands full of business at Court this week.

——Oysters are coming into market, and carloads of candidates for office are going out.

——For the last few days the weather has been entirely too warm for many local politicians and other evaders of the license law.

——The public School of Philipsburg opened on last Monday with the following corps of teachers :Messrs. Sheeder, Bevford Shultz, and Miss Jennie Shortz.

——It is reported that ore, of a superior quality and in large quantities, has been discovered on the farm of Mess Loeb, May and Loeb. The farm is on the line of the Bellefonte and Lewistown pike about three miles from this place.

——The Philipsburg Park Association has been formed with J. C. Allport for president, and L. T. Munson for Secretary. The stock has been subscribed and grounds purchased, and arrangements made to ornament the same as soon as possible.

——Eagleville on last Thursday afternoon William Given sustained the loss of thumb and fore finger of his right hand. He was in the act of coupling cars. Doctors Hensyl and Jones were called to his relief and amputated the members.

——The "Christian Society" of Beach Creek and Eagleville are building a very handsome and commodious church at the latter place. When completed it will be a credit to the society and an ornament to the town. Rev. Wm. S. Lloyd is the zealous and faithful pastor.

——Messrs. A. Schroyer and Son have every article of furniture for sale that is needed to make up a complete house-hold. Beauty and durability are a part and parcel of every article made. All kinds of furniture are made and repaired. Save your money by buying from A. Schroyer & Son.

——Here is one of the old style cockade, kneebuckles and all: Mr. J. F. Lucas of Marsh Creek has a field of corn, the loftiest stalk of which measured 150 inches. A plain case of simple reduction shows that this vegetable is estimated, to be 12 ft 6 in. in length. Nature has placed, at various intervals along the stalk, 8 large ears of corn. If nature has done better for any other farmer in this county, will he be kind enough to report the same to this office, without hesitation or delay?

——The County Normal School at Centre Hall has been unusually successful this year. Many of the best teachers in the County are in attendance and we feel that much good therefrom will be shown in the schools during the coming winter. Prof. Magee has given the classes his own personal care and attention, during the entire session and, we learn has not relaxed his supervisions for a single day, until this week he was subpoened as a witness against some of the many parties who have been indicated for violating the liquor law. The school is a valuable auxiliary to our county educational machinery.

——The Bellefonte Academy or "School in the Mountains" will open its next session on September 3rd. Since the day that Rev. J. P. Hughes, the president of this institution, entered upon the task of preparing young men for college, he has been eminently successful. His high personal attainments, varied experiences and natural adaptation to the profession, have placed him and his celebrated "school in the mountains" second to none in the state. His well tried corps of assistants and the healthful and beautiful location of the institution have of course, been valuable in giving the Academy its present high standing.

HARDMAN RICHARDS.—THE MURDERER'S STORY.—On last Friday we called to see Richards who is now confined in jail awaiting his trial for the murder of Dr. J. F. Williams.

RICHARDS

is a farmer, and has lived near Julian Furnace for a long time, has been married for twenty years and is the father of seven children. He is about 5 feet 10 in. in hight, of dark complexion, has black hair and beard. He looks like a hard working, honest, determined man.

HIS CELL

is very comfortable, being well lighted and aired. He has a good bed, plenty of reading matter and appears to be resigned to his fate what ever that may be. His only objection was that "it is pretty hard for a man who has been used to knocking around at hard work all his life to stay in such a small room."

HIS STORY

of the sad affray is about the same as we gave last week. He says that the stroke of the axe which killed Williams was only made in warding off his (William's) second blow at his head with a maple club, that he had no idea of cutting Williams at all, and after he had inflicted the wound and Williams fell, he was never so much scared in his life. He immediately started off on a run to the Justice of the Peace living at Julian Furnace, but when he arrived at the station he changed his mind and, taking the next train, came to Bellefonte and gave himself over to the authorities.

HIS TRIAL

will probably be postponed until the next term of court. He is well satisfied with the treatment he is receiving at the hands of our efficient Sheriff Shaffer.

——The late local editor of the *Watchman*, talks about the death of a respected, deceased young man and then blames Wm. Shortlidge with causing his (Spangler's) removal from the local editor's chair. Now, since Spangler has been removed by Meek it shows that the former has met with a political death from which there is no awaking in this County. When P. Gray Meek spots a man in his own party there is more hope for a republican. What the difficulty was we are not prepared to say but Col. Shortlidge was right when he said that the young man, Spangler, was politically dead. Of course he will have to buy Meek up or he will never stand a chance for the office of district Attorney. Spangler has done much dirty work for Meek and now he is kicked out in the cold only to take up the cudgel for the leader of the other wing, the candidate for Assembly.

——Brown's *Republican* is printed in the office of the *Democratic Watchman*, the material in Brown's office was bought with money furnished by several prominent democrats of this place. Brown could not produce a single issue of his paper if it were not for P. Grey Meek. Brown sold his influence, for a certain price, to elect the present County Superintendent of Schools. He would sell out his best friend for a five dollar note. He is now working against the interests of the Republican party of this county, as may be seen by any issue of his paper. We warn the rank and file of our party not to allow this intemperate and unprincipled man to dissuade you from adhering firmly and uncompromisingly to the ticket, placed in nomination by our convention yesterday. Vote the ticket, the whole ticket and nothing but the ticket.

——Excelsior Literary society connected with the Centre Normal School gave an entertainment in Centre Hall on last Tuesday. It consisted in reading of the Excelsior *Review*, a society paper, singing, instrumental music, &c. The young men who compose this society are entitled to credit for the pleasant time afforded to the people of Centre Hall and vicinity. On to-morrow evening the Eureka Society, composed of the young ladies of the Normal school, will give their entertainment which of course will be far better than that of the Excelsior. Ladies always excel. The class paper, the Evening *Star* will be a pleasant feature of the entertainment.

——All the subscribers to Capital Stock of the Lewisburg Centre & Spruce Creek Rail Road who have paid in full (up to Aug. 1st, 1873,) can receive their Certificate of stock by presenting their receipt at the office of the Centre County Banking Company.

32-2t J. D. SHUGERT.

——Joe. W. Furey the facile, witty weighty Joe, has returned to the *Watchman* as associate editor. Every body knows Joe and will be glad to hear of his return to the home of his nativity.

——We hope the generous people of Bellefonte will remember the Annual Picnic of the Logan Fire Company on Friday, Sept. 5, and contribute bountifully of the good things which make the inner man rejoice.

——Dr. S. Belford informs the public that he will be at his office on Allegheny Street, for the next four weeks. All persons wanting dentist work done will please call.

——The Coleman Sisters Combination will entertain the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinty, at Reynold's Hall on September 5th.

——Richard Conley is the foreman of the grand jury.

——Communication from "W. G." unavoidably crowded out.

——Hon. Wm. A Wallace is applying his gumption on a homicide case at our court this week.

——The Murdoch Literary Society will meet at their hall Monday Evening, Sept. 1. A full attendance of members is desired.

——Parent in search of a good school with cheap rates, should send for a circular of Tuscarora Academy, Academia, Juniata county, Pa. 1t.

——Joseph Peters, Esq., of Wisconsin, and A. A. Stevens, Esq., of Tyrone, were admitted to practice in the various courts of Centre county, on Monday last.

——A young man from the country slapped a big copper cent under the nose of our post master, the other day, and said, "I guess I'll take one of 'em pastoral cards, mister."

——The Advent Camp Meeting at Wallace Run closes to-day. It has been very well attended and some telling sermons were delivered. Rev. Swartz preached a most instructive sermon on Sabbath afternoon.

——All persons must be examined before they can receive pay for any time after the fourth of September. Dr. Geo. F. Harris, pension surgeon, may be found at his office between the hours of nine and three. He will examine no applicants at any other time.

——In court yesterday a jury was impaneled to try the case of commonwealth vs. J. A. Lukens for the murder of Richard Atherton. After some deliberation the prosecution asked for a verdict of manslaughter which being accepted by the defense, the court instructed the jury to find a verdict accordingly. Sentence has not yet been passed.

——The Governor has appointed Dr. John Curiven of Harrisburg, Dr. Wm. Corson of Norristown, and Gen. James A. Beaver of this place, Commissioners to select a site for the new Insane Hospital for the northwest. They will meet at Harrisburg Sept. 4, and will probably proceed to the task of reviewing the various sites that may be proposed about the 20th of that month.

——A child of Alexander Cox, Mt. Eagle, about one year old was badly scalded on Monday last. The children were playing about the stove when by some means the teakettle was upset, the contents falling upon the youngest child. By judicious treatment the child's sufferings were partially relieved and it is doing well.

——Mr. Jack L. Spangler has retired from the associate editorship of the "Watchman" and Mr. Joe W. Fury has been chosen his successor. While Mr. Spangler was connected with the above named paper he displayed rare abilities as a writer. His views on all subjects of political importance were originally and forcibly expressed, his ideas of fairness were displayed with a candor that in a great degree palliated some of his unintentional mistakes. His connection with the "Watchman" was of short duration but in that time he displayed a strong clear mind, an honesty of purpose, and a smooth graceful style that promises well for the future. Mr. Spangler has wisely chosen the profession of law and is at present pursuing his studies in the office of Orvis & Alexander.

——The A. M. E. Sunday school of of this place had a most enjoyable picnic on last Thursday. The school appeared on the streets early in the forenoon. The brass band, a home institution that does credit to its members, led the columns; then came scores of sunday school children under care of their teachers, after them followed the adults and visiting friends. These were followed by the pastor and a number of others in carriages. After traversing our principle streets they repaired to a grove in the suburbs where they spent the day very pleasantly. In the evening Prof. W. Howard Day, editor of the *American Progress* and well known here as a man of fine abilities, delivered an address to a good audience in Reynold's Hall. The speaker pleased everybody with a most excellent and dignified address.

——The new stone building, adjoining the First National Bank, in process of erection, on the side of the bank district, submitted to the force of gravitation on last Friday morning at about two o'clock. The handsome stone-work of more than one third of the front came down. The part tha fell had a large bulge in front for some time which kept steadily growing from day to day until the fall. Learned men from all parts of the town have examined it and various reasons have been given for the cause of the accident but none has been so well received as the theory that the vibrations made by the music of the brass band which passed along that street on Thursday had shattered the building to its foundation and hence the fall on Friday morning. The damage is estimated at from $800 to $2000.

WILLIAM DUNLOP, now confined in fort Shaffer, for the theft of a horse and buggy from Wm. McCulley's livery stable, is a young man of rather pleasant personal address and is related to some of the most respected familes in this County. Several months since he made the acquaintance of a young woman in the city of Brotherly love. They loved each other, not wisely but too well. They came to this connty together before harvest and both remained here until after "the oats was cut," she boarding round and he harvesting. He worked faithfully and having saved about thirty-five dollars, he invited his girl one day to take a ride. Hiring a rig from Wm. McCulley's stable they drove around town a short time when she suggested that they should go to Tyrone and there take the cars and go to Pittsburgh, their plan being to telegraph to McCulley from Tyrone to come for his horse and buggy. On the way to Tyrone she intimated that as the funds were getting low, he had better sell the horse and buggy and then they could both go to Pittsburgh in good style and have a good time. He allowed himself to be coaxed into the scheme and away they hied to Brookville to find a purchaser. The horse and harness were traded for a gold watch (valued at $100,00) and fifteen dollars in money. The gay deceiver then started for smoky city and Dunlop remained a day or two to sell the buggy. This he failed to do, and leaving it there he started after his enamorita. In the mean time McCulley was on his track and when he reached Pittsburgh a detective with a discription of Dunlop and a warrant for his arrest, met him at the Union Depot. Here the linked sweetness long drawn out was brought to an end. The youth was brought back and placed in the county jail. Dunlop is of a playful turn of mind and to pass the dreary days of last week, he procured a case-knife and, having knicked the blade into a kind of a saw he proceeded to saw off one of the bars of the iron door that stood between him and liberty. It took him several days to saw the one end and had nearly loosed the other when a victim in an adjoining cell "squealed" on him, and he was placed in another apartment. He told us that if he had succeeded in getting out of his cell, he could easily crawl out of the hole that young Fatigan made when he left. Dunlop will probably learn a trade at the expense of the Commonwealth.

For the Bellefonte REPUBLICAN.

——At this fast age of the world when base ball is among the most prominent exercises of the day, allow me to give your readers a brief account of one of the most interesting games ever played in this county. The name of the club is Abe-at bon, which significes intelligent Fathers, and is composed of J. M. Wagner, Archy Bathurst, R. B. Poorman, P. H. Haupt, J. C. P Jones, H. P. Treziyulny, A. Smith, David Barlet and H. A. Bathurst. Their first appearance in the great arena was on Saturday last. The way they contested every point would have done honor to the celebrated Athletics. Their batting was unsurpassed, and the way they made the base was heavy—many of the club weighing over two hundred pounds.—The skill with which Jno. M. Wagner played 3d base was never equaled, always making sure to get out of the way of every ball that passed his way. P. H. Haupt played 1st base fine. If he failed to get the ball, he always made it a point to allow no one to pass his base. J. C. P. Jones done fine batting, but in running somewhat heavy, and woe be to the insect that comes in his way. The game played by the Ab-e-al-bons was interesting and will be remembered for years to come. We are sorry that we did not procure the score.

OBSERVER.

——The Republican county convention assembled at Reynold's Hall yesterday noon at two o'clock. John T. Johnson chairman county committee called the convention to order. Jno. G. Love, Esq., was elected president and upon taking the chair responded to the compliment in a neat and appropriate speech. J. Spear Tompson and J. H. Wagner were chosen secretaries. On motion of J. T. Hale, John Irwin Jr., was unanimously chosen the choice of the party for Senator with power to chose his own conferees. Levi A. Miller was nominated for Legislature by acclamation. W. W. Rodgers of Walker and Geo. A. Bayard were nominated for Treasurer. W. W Rodgers recieved 11 votes, David Keller 5 and Geo. A. Bayard 53 votes. Col. Bayard was then declared the unanimous choice of the party. Letters from A. S. Swartz and John A. Daly were read declining the nomination. Vote for Commissioner stood as follows: Samuel Gramley of Miles, 58; D. Parsons, 2; T. M. Patton, 7; John S. Sommerville, 2; Samuel Gramley was then made the unanimous choice for commissioner. Benjamin Liggett was nominated for jury Commissioner. Dr. J. M. Blair was nominated as Auditor for two years and Adrew Gregg for three years.

——We are pleased to see with what warm unanimity the new State ticket is accepted by our Republican contemporaries througout the State.

Action of the Court in regard to the Death of Hugh Nelson McAllister.

BELLEFONTE, Aug. 26, 1873.

HON. JAMES MACMANUS:

DEAR SIR,—Will you do us the favor to furnish a copy of your remarks made in open Court yesterday, on presenting the resolutions passed by the bar of this judicial district, upon the death of the Hon. H. N. McAllister.

A. O. FURST.
JOHN H. ORVIS.
ADAM HOY.
D. S. KELLER.
WM. P. WILSON.
GEO. M. YOCUM.
J. G. LOVE.

BELLEFONTE, August 27, 1873.

TO J. H. ORVIS, A. O. FURST, G. M. YOCUM AND OTHERS:

Gentlemen:—Yours, requesting that I would furnish to you a copy of the collated remarks on presenting the proceedings of the Bar on the death of H. N. McAllister, has been received.—My remarks were intended for the Court and Bar, and not for further publicity. But I cannot deny your request, therefore give you a copy as delivered.

Respectfully Yours,
JAMES MACMANUS.

Remarks of James Macmanus, Esq., to the Court on presentation of the Proceedings of the members of the Bar, on the death of the Hon. Hugh Nelson McAllister.

WITH PERMISSION OF THE COURT.

At a meeting held by the members of the Bar to pay their tribute of respect to the memory of the Hon. Hugh Nelson McAllister, who, as a member of this Bar, stood in the front rank of the profession, I was appointed to present these proceedings to the Court.

It may be considered superfluous in me, after what has been so eloquently said, and to which these proceedings testify, to attempt to elucidate his character, to recommend his example or embalm his memory. But the character of our departed friend will stand the strictest scrutiny, will shine with superior lustre, by being touched and re-touched, will furnish to the learned humble and believing, ground for instruction and consolation.

We have seen his assiduity, skill and fidelity in all his professional engagements, and which gained for him public confidence, the iron will, the unbending firmness, the fearless courage which marked his character, must be acknowledged by all. And when the earth opened to receive the mortal part which she gave to man, it is then that affection is eager to bury in its bosom, every recollection, but those of love and kindness. The dead are no longer in our way, they are no longer our rivals in the pursuits of fame or fortune. But knowing the foibles and frailties of human nature, I may be permitted to refer to one, who while living, was known as a christian lawyer, honest, just and truthful. It is in such instances as the present that we can study by the light of example, the true object of living, and the wisest ends of human life. His very faults originated in high qualities, jurisdiction over these, as over our own, belongs to a tribunal competent to decide upon them, by a justice so exact, a mercy so tender, as to leave nothing but acquiescence.

He had as great self-possession, and greater self-reliance, than any lawyer I ever knew, he possessed moral and physical courage in a very great degree, confident in his own judgment, never doubting as to his own course, fearing no obstacle that might be in his way, it was almost impossible that he should not have been imperious in his character, never doubting as to what, in his opinion, duty and patriotism required at his hands, it was natural that he should sometimes be impatient with those more doubting and timid than himself. He belonged to that marked class, who are the men of their century, for it was his good fortune not only to be endowed with a capacity to do great things, but to have enjoyed the opportunities of achieving them, and this county is filled with a monument of his genius in her Agricultural College. The leading qualities of his intellect were quickness and clearness. He could take up a complicated mass of facts in as short space of time as any lawyer he has left behind him; he could present a statement of a case to the jury so clearly that it was not only easy to comprehend but impossible to misunderstand it. He had never learned to waver. He gave the subject no attention as worthless, or addressed himself to it with diligence, drew his conclusion, dismissed the process, and adopted the result as a fixed fact, about which no doubt was ever after tolerated. We know there is much that is in common in the history of men of mark. The principles which constitute greatness are the same at all times, and those who have been noted and admired, present in their lives, much, which, although really great, ceases to be remarkable, because illustrated by such numerous examples.

"But there are deeds which should not pass away,
And names that should not wither."

I wish I could offer a proper memorial for such a subject, but I feel the disheartening influence of the well known truth, that in view of death all minds sink into triteness. It would seem, indeed, that the great Leveller of our race would vindicate his title to be so considered, by making all men think alike in regard to his visitation. "The thousand thoughts began, and end in one, "the dissolution, the eternal hope hereafter, are influences felt alike by the lowest and loftiest genius.

But our friend has passed from amongst us. "The place that knew him will know him no longer." He is gone, professing the humble hope of the christian; that hope alone can sustain you or any of us on leaving the vanities of this world behind, and I may say with Dr. Johnson on a similar occasion—

"Patriot, christian, husband, father, friend,
Thy work of life achieved a glorious end."

I was his senior at this bar. In nothing else. In the course of nature I should have preceeded him. It has been decreed otherwise; but I know I shall linger here only a short time, and then follow him. It may be pardonable in me on this occasion to state that after reading law under the tutorage of the late Hon. Thomas Burnside, then President Judge of this Court, a Judge distinguished for his thorough acquaintance of the law, and who had no superior in professional ability, I was admitted to the practice of the law. At that time the Bar of Centre county was arrayed with a galaxy of legal minds, equal to any Bar in the State. There was the kind-hearted, talented William W. Potter, an eminent and eloquent advocate, possessing a strong and discriminating mind, quickness of decision, just and honorable in all his acts. He was an honor to the profession. There was John Blanchard, a lawyer of good common sense, of great energy and directness of purpose, and whose language was free from vulgarity, pure in himself, he abhored impurities in others. There was the logical Bond Valentine, a rising star in the profession. There was the eccentric and volatile child of Nature, James M. Petriken, as an advocate he passed every possible requisite. He excelled in wit and humor. His irony though pungent, never galla, it was playful and sportive, not malignant nor even mischievous. Then came Hugh Nelson McAllister, James T. Hale, James Burnside, shining lights in the jurisprudence of this Judicial District, and these seven that I have named while in the Zenith of their practice, were called by their fellow citizens to fill high and important offered stations, on the Bench, in Congress, in Legislative Halls and Constitutional Conventions. But where are they? they have fallen around me, as autumn leaves, they havepaid the debt of nature, and this court room, as to them, has become like Solomon's Temple, their voices are no longer heard in it. Of this corteree of legal minds, only five of them are living Joseph W. Smith resides in Clearfield. Thomas Creighood in Cumberland county, the Hon. Samuel Linn, your immediate predecessor as President Judge of this court is practising Law in an adjoining district, the Hon. Andrew G. Curtin, has retired from the practice leaving me the last among them, the only survivor of that class now in practice at the bar.

I intended to refer to some other incidents and remeniscences within my recollection concerning the members of bar, of those times, but my feelings have overcome me, the tongue cannot give utterence to the feelings of the heart. Therefore in compliance with the trust reposed on me I present these proceedings to your Honors with the request that will order and direct them to be transcribed at large on the records of the Court, there to remain as a menento, where those surviving our departed friend can read, reflect and admire.

——We learn from the *Reporter* that during the thunder storm on Tuesday afternoon, 12th, the barn of Jacob Gray, in Halfmoon, twp., was struck by lightning and destroyed with all its contents, consisting of this year's entire crop of hay and grain, and some implements, saving only a few horse gears and about 50 bushels of wheat. The horses and other live stock were also rescued. The loss may be estimated at about $2500. Mr. Gray had an insurance of $700 upon the building. The contents of the barn belonged to Mr. George Pottsgrove, tenant and son-in-law of Mr. Gray, who had no insurance, and who will consequently suffer keenly from this misfortune. A new top-buggy belonging to a party of Centre Hall, was in the barn at the time and also burned. The barn had been rodded at one time, but these protectors were allowed to go down by neglect. Mr. Pottsgrove and his hands, when the storm came on, were engaged in the barn at cleaning up, and feeling alarmed, he proposed they would quit it and go to the house, and barely reached the porch when the barn was struck.

——First arrivel of Fall Good—Boots and Shoes. John Powers takes the lead. Just look at the reduction in prices and be convinced that Powers Bellefonte Boot & Shoe Manufactory right opposite the Bush House is the place. He has just received seven (7) cases of calf Boots hand made (warranted no shoddy) price from $4,50 to $4,75 per pair. Also ladies tipped gaiters from $2,00 to $2,25 and all other goods at proportionate prices. Farmers take notice.

MARRIED.

On the 21st inst, at the residence of the bride's father, Miss Harriet J. Leathers of Howard twp, and Wm. Aikey, of Marion twp.

Aug. 7th, by Rev. U. W. Gondit, W. W. Rogers and Welyn R. Huston, at the residence of the bride's father, at the Junction both of the same place. No cards.

DIED.

On the 25th inst, in Marion twp, Mr. Jaco Hoy. Aged 65 years.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.—In Clover seed nothing worthy of notice doing. Timothy is nominal at $4.25@4.50 per bushel. Flaxseed is dull at $2.15

Coffee, Sugar and Molasses are very firm, and the stock of the latter is reduced to 625 hogsheads against 6,165 hogsheads at this time last year. Of sugar the stock is 5,337 hogsheads, 4,91 boxes, 1,240 bags, 2,411 baskets, against 18,070 hogsheads, 2,961 boxes, and 4,681 bags; the same time last year.

There is legs activity in the Flour market, the prices are unchanged. Sales of 800 barrels, in lot, at $3.50@4.25 for superfine; $4@5.37½ for extras; $6.75@8 for spring wheat extra families; $7.50@8.50 for Pennsylvania. Ohio and Indiana do, do., and $7.75@10 for fancy brands, as in quality. Rye Flour is quoted at $4.50@4.75.

In Corn meel no sales.

In Wheat markets greatly improved. Sales Pennsylvania and Southern red at $1.60@1.75; Western do, at 1.40@1.55, and amber at $1.58@1.66. Rye is nominal. Corn is quiet at 57½@59c. for yellow, and 56@57c. for mixed; 7,000 bushels sold. Oats are unchanged; sales of 3,000 bushels at 48@50c. for white, and 46@44 for mixed.

Whisky is firm at 97@98c. for Western Ironbound.

Grain and Flour Markets.

Corrected Weekly by Brockerhoff Bros.
BELLEFONTE, August 27, 1873.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 22
Red wheat No. 1	1 25
Barley	70
Corn, ears	35
Shelled corn	40
Oats	30
Rye per bushel	75
Buckwheat per bushel	60
Clover seed " "	5 00
Plaster ₱ ton	15 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Brockerhoff Bros.

Apples, dried, per lb	@5½
Peaches, dried, per lb	12½@15@17
Cherries, dried, per lb	8
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	20
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	20
Cheese per lb	20
Hams per lb	15
Bacon	9
Sides	8
Lard per lb	8
Eggs per doz	20
Tallow, per pound	8
Rags	3
Potatoes per bushel	50
Dried Beef	